

Interactive and Stereoscopic Hybrid 3D Viewer of Radar Data with Gesture Recognition



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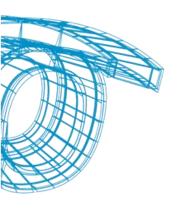
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Content



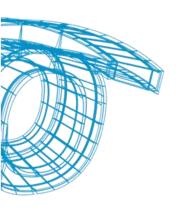
- 1. Motivation and Objectives
- 2. Representation and 3D visualization
- 3. Gesture Interaction
- 4. Experimental Results
- 5. Conclusions and Future Work

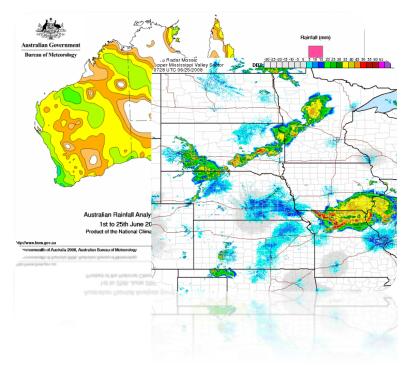




Motivation

• Radar data representation for meteorological analysis.

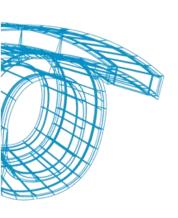




- \bigcirc 2D \rightarrow 3D/4D
- O Confusing
- Not accessible to inexperienced people



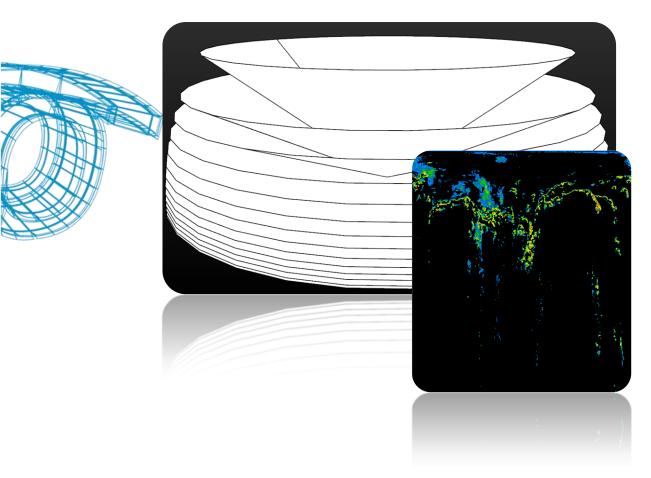
Objectives



- O Represent the weather data with a interactive and immersive hybrid 3D viewer through a stereoscopic representation.
- O Easy interaction between user and the represented scene using a gesture interface.



O Doppler radar data representation



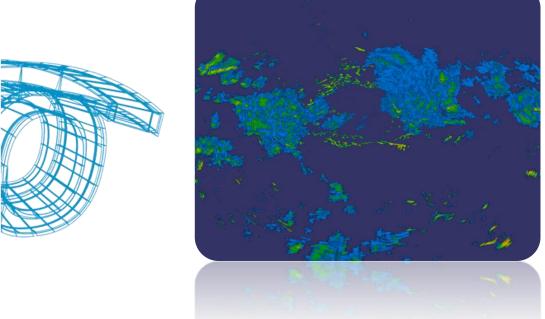
- Conical scans
- Generate cone model
- O Convert data in textures
- Apply colour mask







Combination of Model Weather and 3D Model Terrain



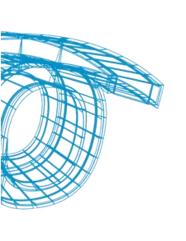
- 3D coloured data model
- 3D terrain model

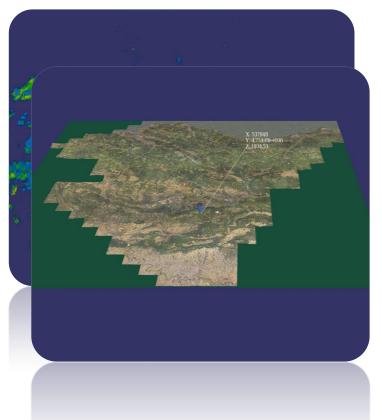






Combination of Model Weather and 3D Model Terrain



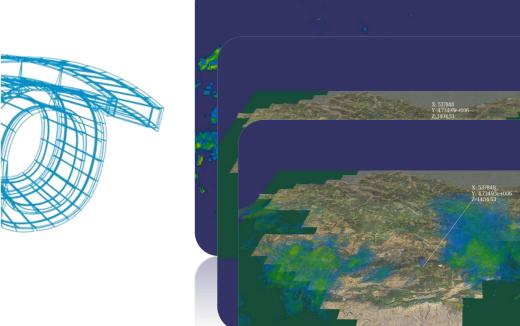


- O 3D coloured data model
- 3D terrain model





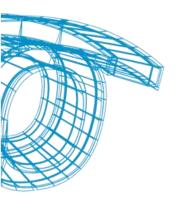
Combination of Model Weather and 3D Model Terrain

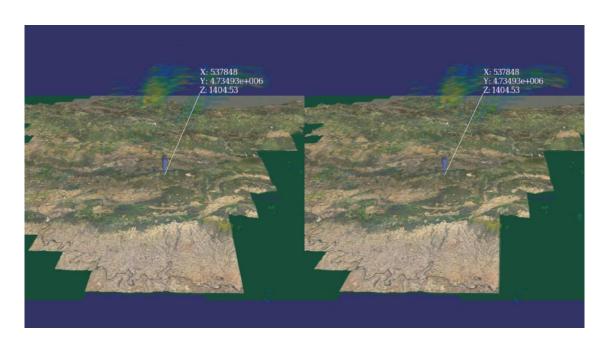


- 3D coloured data model
- 3D terrain model



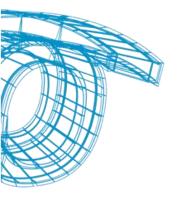
- O Stereoscopic representation
- Virtual perspective adapted to the users position









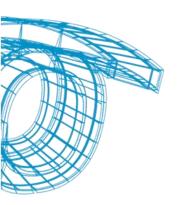






- Animation actions
 - ☐ 7 gestures defined

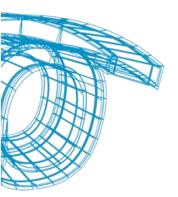




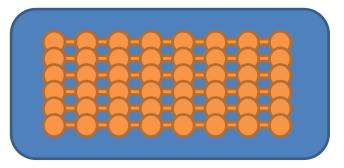
				>	S	R
Next(>)	Previous(<)	Rew(<<)	FF(>>)	Play(>)	Stop()	Restart(<<)



- Algorithm presented for Mena et al. [11], adapted to different users and gesture styles.
- To classify the captured movements, it is compared with each gesture stored in the database.



Samples database



Movement Stream



Captured gesture





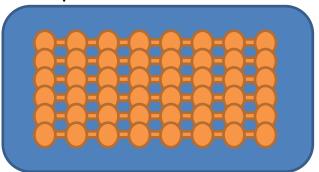


- Database is composed for N performances of each gesture.
- All of the samples are resized using Cubic Spline before store them.
- In classification, the captured data is resized too.

$$\frac{\partial f_j^{(t-(n-1))}}{\partial t} = f_j^{(t-(n-2))} - f_j^{(t-(n-1))}$$

$$\frac{\partial f_j^{(t)}}{\partial t} = f_j^{(t)} - f_j^{(t-1)}$$

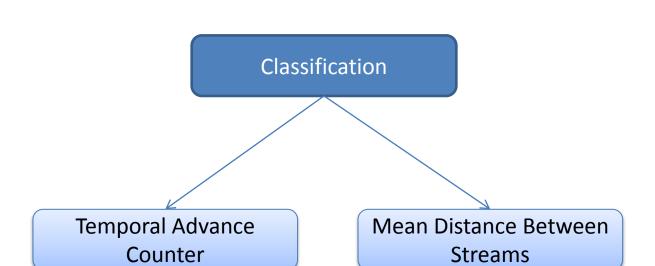
Samples database





Gesture Interaction (How to classify)

- It uses two values for classification:
 - ☐ A temporal advance between captured and database samples
 - The Euclidean distance between both captured and database samples

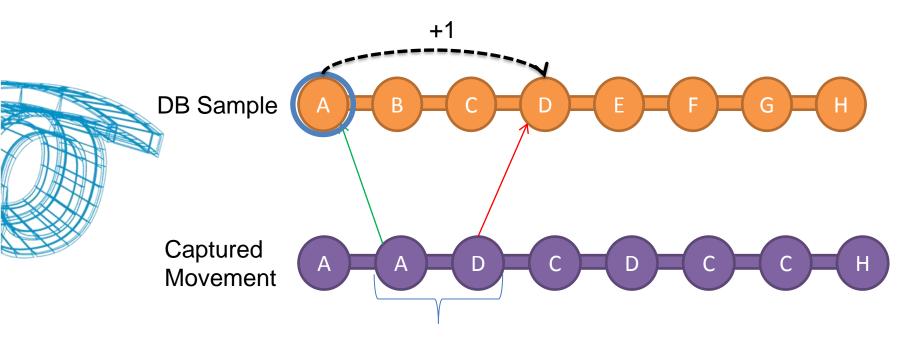








O Temporal Advance Calculation

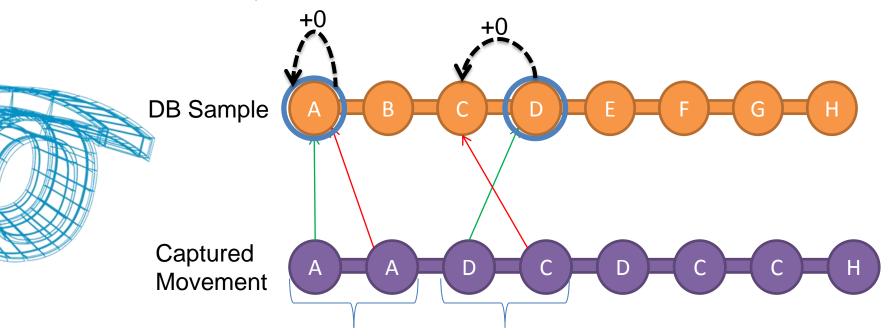


Previous Nearest
Current Nearest





O Temporal Advance Calculation



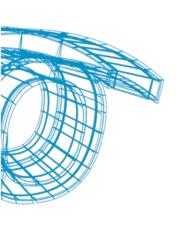
Previous Nearest Current Nearest

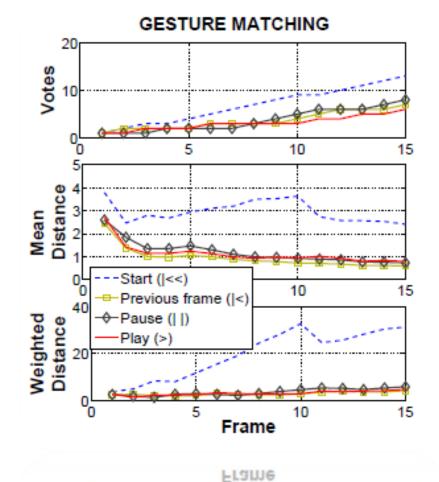






Graphical matching representation





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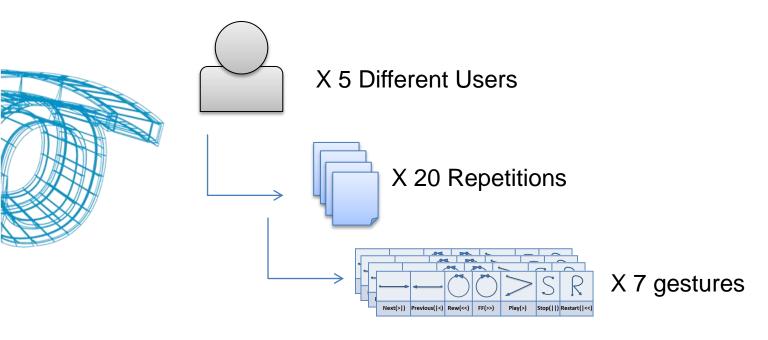






Experimental Results

• Captured data (training gestures)



Total: 700 Gestures

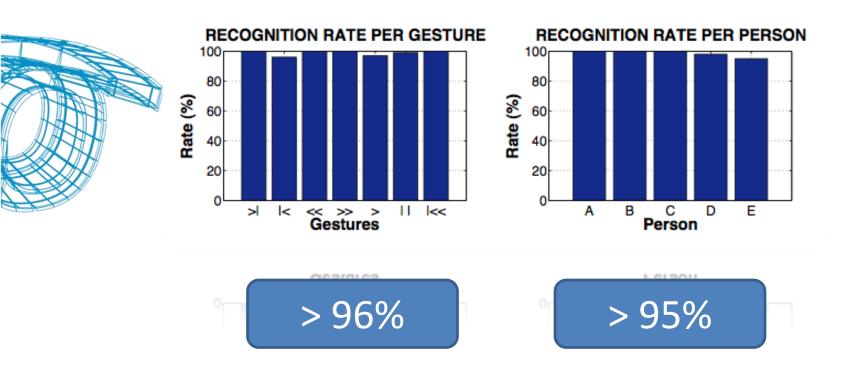






Experimental Results

Leave one out and test results

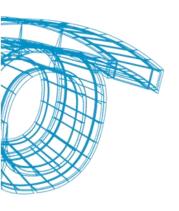


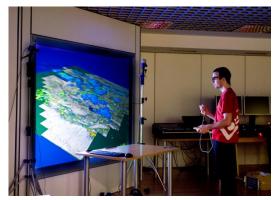






Conclusion

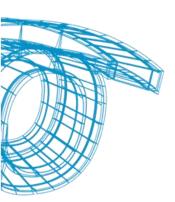




- O Interactive and stereoscopic hybrid 3D viewer for Doppler radar data
- Stereoscopic immersive representation
 - Polarised retro-projected 3D representation
 - ☐ User position adapted perspective
- Gesture interface using accelerometer data



Future Work



- Automatic segmentation
- O More instruments added to the representation
- Filtering and noise reduction





Thanks for your attention

Questions?

