# A FRAMEWORK FOR NON MARKET VALUATION OF CULTURAL ECOSYSTEM SERVICES IN BIOSPHERE RESERVES



aesthetical enjoyment services

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## 1. Introduction

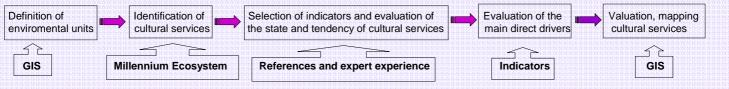
In the last decades, changes in land use and management have led to the degradation of many ecosystem services (provision, regulation and cultural). However, the cultural services are perhaps the most fragile actually (Villa, 2010) because these services have not market values and they are not included in the decision making process. This fact is more worrying in areas devoted to social-environmental protection, as it is the case of Biosphere Reserves. Thus, there is a need to generate methodological frameworks able to value the cultural services at different scales for its inclusion in the management decision-making process (Mooney et al., 2005).

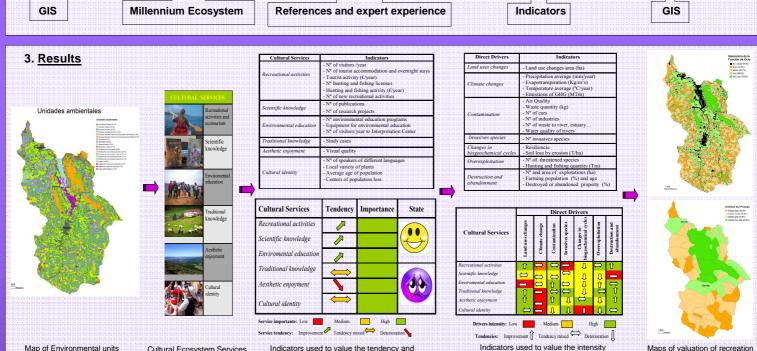
The Urdaibai Biosphere Reserve (UBR) located in the Northern region of the Iberian Peninsula was a typical agrarian mosaic landscape where smallholdings and multiple land uses are present. Over time, this area maintained a high level of landscape diversity together with a viable and ecologically sustainable production system. However, the changes of land uses occurred in the last decades have led to the homogenization of the landscape increasing its vulnerability to the spread of disturbance and, thus altering its capacity to supply ecosystem services.

The main objective of this study is to generate methodological frameworks to value (no ecomomic) the cultural services in the Biosphere Reserves.



The methodological procedure followed was as follows:





#### 4. Conclusions

Map of Environmental units

Cultural Ecosystem Services

The "Plan de acción de Madrid" adopted by the MAB (2008) states that it is essential to strengthen the role of Biosphere Reserves to address issues related to the provision of ecosystem services. Thus, it is neccessary to generate methodological frameworks able to value the ecosystem services at different scales for its inclusion in the management decision-making process, specially cultural services because they have not market value and they are not included in the decision-making process.

and tendency of direct drivers

This study has showed that in the case of Urdaibai Biosphere Reserve this methodology is very valid to value the cultural services. Moreover, this methodology has showed that in recent years some of the cultural services, despite being very important in the reserve, have suffered a deterioration mainly due to land uses changes and to the destruction and abandonment of heritage. Thus, It can be said that even those ecosystems that are in reserve areas may suffer a loss of ecosystem services, so it is very important to perform studies of this type.

### 5. References

- Mooney, H., Cooper, A., Reid, W. 2005. Confronting the human dilemma: How can ecosystems provide sustainable services to benefit society? Nature 434, 561-562.

Indicators used to value the tendency and

importance of cultural services in Urdaibai

- Villa, A., 2010. Servicios ecosistémicos en las Reservas de la Biosfera de Andalucía, España: expresiones culturales y turísticas. pp. 101-118. En: Reservas de la Biosfera; su contribución a la provisión de servicios de los ecosistemas; experiencias exitosas en Iberoamérica. Ed. Valente

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