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Linking Millennium Ecosystem Assessment global scenarios to local scenario planning; a participatory approach from the Millennium Ecosystem Assessment in Biscay SGA (Basque country, Northern Spain)







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## Biscay (Province scale): Indicators, Forest ES, Scenario planning

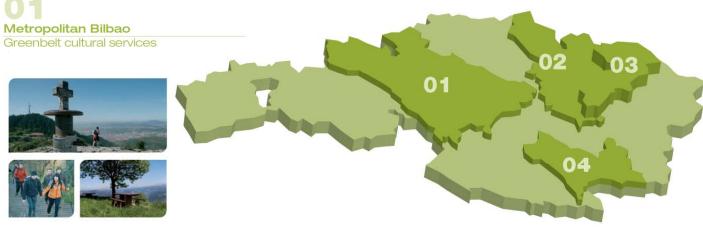
## Study area



Urdaibai
Regulation service (coastal)







Lea
Provisioning services (Atlantic landscape and river ecosystem)







Urkiola
Regulation services (forest and karst)





2.216 km²1.2 M inhabitants(520 inhab/km²)





#### Introduction



We developed scenarios for Biscay through **2050** in an integrated and participatory way by **downscaling MA global scenarios**, analyzed how ecosystem services and human well-being might change in a range of plausible futures and **identified management strategies** for the territory.



Fig. 1. Scenario workshops held in Bilbao on June 2010







#### Aim:

- 1. Develop scenarios at local scale as a process and tool for landscape planning, create buy-in to the assessment process and explore possible responses options.
- 2. Provide more insights on how large-scale scenario developments can be translated to the local level.



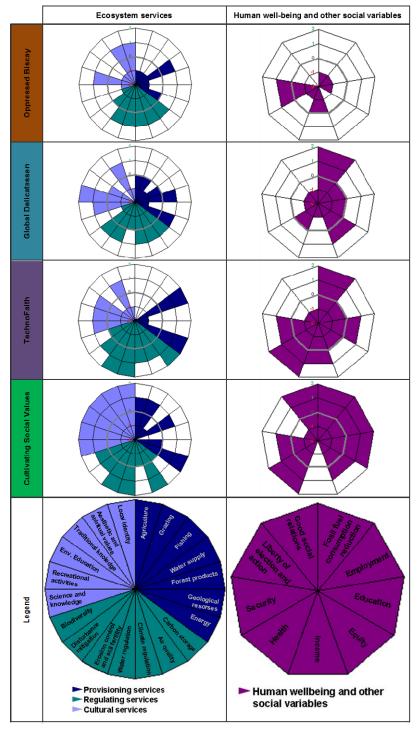


## Methodology



#### **Six phases:**

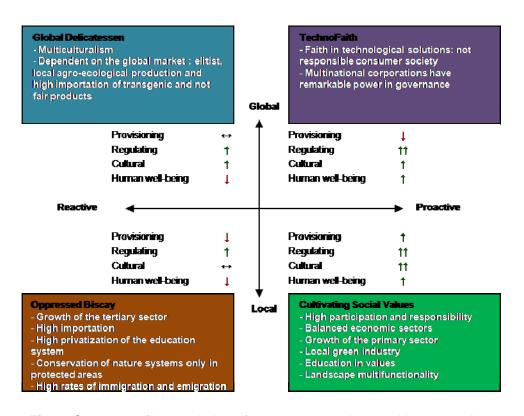
- 1. Identification of key stakeholders;
- 2. Definition of the importance of ecosystem services and the potential for successful intervention;
- 3. Identification of key drivers of change;
- 4. Development of local participatory scenarios for Biscay by downscaling MA global scenarios;
- 5. Characterization of scenarios in terms of the provision of ecosystem services and human wellbeing;
- 6. Description of the target scenario and definition of management strategies for Biscay.



#### **Results**



**Fig. 3.** Provision of ecosystem services and indicators of human well-being under each scenario, compared to the current conditions (substantial increase = 2; increase = 1; constant or increases in same aspects and decreases in other aspects = 0; decrease = 1, large decrease = 2).



**Fig. 4.** Summary of the evolution of ecosystem services and human well-being under each of the four scenarios.





### **Key discussion points**



- Biscay scenarios: forest management relevance and population density constrains
  - Multifunctional forest management seems to be an appropriate solution for Biscay social ecological system.
  - For the Target scenario to be possible, the population would have to be smaller than it currently is.
  - A core aspect of the target scenario is that a real change in social values is proposed.
- Linking sub-global scenarios to MA global scenarios: the scale issue

Downscaling global MA scenarios in a consecutive scenario development process using a coherent linkage across scales, allowed both, using MA previous work to prevent much work that otherwise would have had to be redone; and allowed stakeholders' creativity and local variability, while maintaining a scientific credible global context.

The outcome scenarios, therefore, have local management relevance and at the same time, they can be compared to other assessments.







#### Lessons learned from the applied methodology

- Administering a survey before the workshop enabled saving time during the workshops.
- In Biscay SGA, stakeholder engagement process key from the outset ->
  ensured a widespread buy-in of the scenarios exercises.
- For the applied methodology to be successful, workshops must be designed carefully.



**Fig. 5.** Several core team meetings were organized for the design of the workshops, including those with experienced scenario practitioners





#### **Conclusion**



- A core aspect of the target scenario is that a real change in social values is proposed
- The applied methodology can be considered a useful tool for consensus building in socioecological systems towards a sustainable future, while maintaining consistency across scales
- Workshops must be designed carefully, with clear goals and a coordinated team that counts on experienced scenario practitioners







# Thank you!!

A sustainable future is possible working from local to global and vice-versa

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