ENGLISH FRIENDLY COURSES (EFC) 2023-2024 CAMPUS OF ARABA

Link to website: <u>https://www.ehu.eus/en/web/farmazia-fakultatea/kanpoko-ikaslego</u> Contact: <u>farmacia.internacional@ehu.eus</u>

In addition to the general offer of courses taught in English, some Centers offer for incoming students English Friendly Courses (EFC): subjects taught in Spanish or Basque, in which the syllabus summary; lecturer tutoring, examinations and/or papers are available in English.

English Friendly Courses taught in SPANISH:

	FACU	JLTY OF PHARN	IACY (125)		
	COURSE	SEMESTER ¹	CREDITS	SCHEDULE ²	LINK TO SYLLABUS
Bachel	or`s Degree in Human Nutrition and D	viet			
25192	Epidemiología Nutricional	1st	6	М	
25190	Química y Bioquímica de los Alimentos	2nd	6	М	
25194	Bioquímica	2nd	6	М	
25203	Expresión Génica y Control Metabólico	2nd	6	М	
Bachel	or`s Degree in Pharmacy				
25259	Física	1st	6	М	
25264	Biología Molecular	1st	6	М	
25282	Dermofarmacia	1st	6	М	
25288	Determinación estructural de fármacos	1st			
25289	Farmacovigilancia	1st	6	М	
25194	Bioquímica	2nd	6	М	
25265	Bioquímica Clínica	2nd	6	М	
25272	Farmacia Galénica	2nd	9	М	
Bachel	or`s Degree in Environmental Science	S			
25227	Geología	1st	6	Α	
25238	Meteorología y Oceanografía	1st	6	А	

¹ SEMESTER: 1st: September 2023 to January 2024 2nd : January 2024 to May 2024

² SCHEDULE: Morning (M)/ Afternoon (A): begins at 13.30



	FACU	JLTY OF PHARM	ІАСУ (125)		
	COURSE	SEMESTER ¹	CREDITS	SCHEDULE ²	LINK TO SYLLABUS
25108	Física	2nd	6	А	
Bachel	or`s Degree in Food Science and Tech	onology			
25112	Bioquímica	1st	9	А	
25108	Física	2nd	6	А	
25124	Tecnología de los Alimentos	2nd	6	А	



English Friendly Courses taught in BASQUE:

	FACUI	TY OF PHARMA	ACY (125)		
	COURSE	SEMESTER ³	CREDITS	SCHEDULE ⁴	LINK TO SYLLABUS
Bache	lor`s Degree in Human Nutrition and Die	et			
25192	Nutrizioari lotutako epidemiologia	1st	6	М	
25190	Elikagaien Kimika eta Biokimika	2nd	6	М	
25194	Biokimika	2nd	6	М	
25203	Gene espresioa eta kontrol metabolikoa	2nd	6	М	
Bache	lor`s Degree in Pharmacy				
25264	Biologia Molekularra	1st	6	М	
25265	Biokimika Klinikoa	2nd	6	М	
Bache	lor`s Degree in Environmental				
25238	Meteorologia eta Ozeanografia	1st	6	А	
25108	Fisika	2nd	6	А	
25235	Ingurumen Kutsaduraren Tratamendua	2nd	9	А	
Bache	lor`s Degree in Food Science and Techo	nology			
25112	Biokimika	1st	9	А	
25130	Haragiaren, arrainaren eta produktu eratorrien zientzia eta teknologia	1st	9	А	
25108	Fisika	2nd	6	А	
25115	Ingeniaritza Kimikoa	2nd	6	А	

 ³ SEMESTER: 1st: September 2023 to January 2024 2nd : January 2024 to May 2024
 ⁴ SCHEDULE: Morning (M)/ Afternoon (A): begins at 13.30.

Faculty	125 - Faculty o	Pharmacy		Cycle		
Degree	GCAMBI10 - B	achelor`s Degree in Environmer	ntal Sciences	Year	First year	
OURSE						
25108 - F	egree GCAMBI10 - Bachelor's Degree in Environmental Sciences Year First year URSE 25108 - Physics Credits, ECTS: 6 URSE DESCRIPTION Physics is one of the basic courses of the first year of the Degree in Environmental Sciences and the Degree in Food Science and Technology. Food Science and Technology. This course offers a overall view of Physics, aimed towards basic concepts such as magnitudes and units, laws of motio work and energy, and gravitational and electric forces. MPETENCIES/LEARNING RESULTS FOR THE SUBJECT - Accurately use the international system of magnitudes and units. - Analyzes and explains the different concepts of Physics in the context of the degree. - Reduces and simplifies problems to their most essential aspects, solving them by means of analysis, hypothesis emission, elaboration of strategies and analysis of results. - Uses measuring instruments typical of a Physics laboratory, interpreting data and graphs accurately and evaluates experimental errors appropriately. - Solve practical exercises applying the general principles and laws of Physics, justifying the method of resolution		6			
OURSE D	ESCRIPTION					
-		courses of the first year of the D	egree in Environmenta	al Sciences and the D	egree in Foo	bd
		•	basic concepts such a	as magnitudes and ur	nits, laws of r	notio
OMPETEN	ICIES/LEARNING	RESULTS FOR THE SUBJEC	Т			
emission - Uses m experime	, elaboration of str easuring instrume ntal errors approp	ategies and analysis of results. hts typical of a Physics laborator riately.	ry, interpreting data an	d graphs accurately a	and evaluates	S
Is able to	use information fr	om various sources on an applie	ed topic, interpret it ap	propriately, draw mea	ningful conc	lusio
Is able to and prese ONTENID	use information fr ent them publicly. OS TEÓRICO-PR	ÁCTICOS	ed topic, interpret it ap	propriately, draw mea	ningful conc	lusio
Is able to and prese ONTENID	use information fr ent them publicly. OS TEÓRICO-PR	ÁCTICOS	ed topic, interpret it ap	propriately, draw mea	ningful conc	lusio
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Is able to and prese ONTENID THEORE Unit 1 C Unit 2 L	use information fr ent them publicly. OS TEÓRICO-PRA TICAL CONTENT Observables, magr aws of motion. Ine	ÁCTICOS S: itudes, units. Significant figures. rtia, equilibrium, acceleration. M	lotion in a straight line,	, circular and paraboli	c. Inertial ar	
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Is able to and prese ONTENID THEORE Unit 1 C Unit 2 L inertial fra Unit 3 G and gravi Unit 4 E Ohm Unit 5 N current. E Unit 6 T LABORA 1 Comp	use information fr ent them publicly. OS TEÓRICO-PRA TICAL CONTENT Observables, magn aws of motion. Ine ames of reference. Fravitational field. In tational potential. Electric field. Electric Agnetic field. Electric Magnetic field. Mag Electromagnetic In TORY: outer spreadsheet I	ACTICOS S: itudes, units. Significant figures. rtia, equilibrium, acceleration. M Relative motion. Energy and wo Force and potential fields. Gradie ostatic force and field. Coulomba cal circuits. Electric power and Ja netism and magnets. Magnetic f duction: Faraday's Law.	lotion in a straight line, ork. Conservative and ent. Gravitational force 's Law. Electric oule effect power losse field and Lorentz force	, circular and parabolic non conservative force and field. Gravitation c potential energy and es. 2. Magnetic field create	c. Inertial an ces. al potential e l electric pote	nd no energ
Is able to and press ONTENID THEORE Unit 1 C Unit 2 L inertial fra Unit 3 C and gravi Unit 4 E Ohm Unit 5 N current. E Unit 6 T LABORA 1 Comp 2 Mecha	use information fr ent them publicly. OS TEÓRICO-PRA TICAL CONTENT Observables, magn aws of motion. Ine ames of reference. Fravitational field. In tational potential. Electric field. Electric Agnetic field. Electric Magnetic field. Mag Electromagnetic In TORY: outer spreadsheet I	ACTICOS S: itudes, units. Significant figures. rtia, equilibrium, acceleration. M Relative motion. Energy and wo Force and potential fields. Gradie ostatic force and field. Coulomba cal circuits. Electric power and Ja netism and magnets. Magnetic f duction: Faraday's Law. The three laws of Thermodynamic oasics	lotion in a straight line, ork. Conservative and ent. Gravitational force 's Law. Electric oule effect power losse field and Lorentz force	, circular and parabolic non conservative force and field. Gravitation c potential energy and es. 2. Magnetic field create	c. Inertial an ces. al potential e l electric pote	nd no energ ential

- Class practices: the teacher and/or designated students will solve medium/high difficulty problems from a list assigned at the start of each unit.

Universidad Euskal Herriko del País Vasco Unibertistatea - Jigsaw: this group activity forms part of the i3KD Educative Project of the degree of Food Science and Technology. The project consists on working on the Sustainable Development Goals in different subjects along the whole degree.

- Computer/laboratory practices: the students will perform experiments and computer calculations on matters closely related to the contents of the course. Student attendance is mandatory.

TYPES OF TEACHING

Types of teaching	М	S	GA	GL	GO	GCL	ТА	TI	GCA
Hours of face-to-face teaching	36		12	9	3				
Horas de Actividad No Presencial del Alumno/a	54		18	13,5	4,5				

M: Lecture-based

S: Seminar

GL: Applied laboratory-based groups GO: Applied computer-based groups GCL: Applied clinical-based groups TA: Workshop TI: Industrial workshop

GA: Applied classroom-based groups

GCA: Applied fieldwork groups

Evaluation methods

Legend:

- Continuous evaluation

- End-of-course evaluation

Evaluation tools and percentages of final mark

- Written test, open questions 60%

- Teamwork assignments (problem solving, Project design) 20%

- Midterms 20%

ORDINARY EXAMINATION PERIOD: GUIDELINES AND OPTING OUT

Students will be able to choose between "continuous assessment" and "final assessment" modalities:

Continuous assessment

The exams and their weights break down as follows:

- 20%: Deliverable tasks

- 20%: Mid term exams

- 60%: Final exam of the grade. 20% will count for the practices exam, it will be necessary to obtain a 4 out of 10 in this part in order to pass the course. 40% will count for the course contents exam, it will be necessary to obtain a 5 out of 10 in this part in order to pass the course.

Final assessment

A single final examination will be taken at the end of the term, weighting 100% of the grade (20% for the practices exam, 80% for the course contents exam).

EXTRAORDINARY EXAMINATION PERIOD: GUIDELINES AND OPTING OUT

The July examination will be graded following the final assessment modality, therefore a single final examination will be taken, weighting 100% of the grade (20% for the practices exam, 80% for the course contents exam).

MANDATORY MATERIALS

BIBLIOGRAFÍA

Basic bibliography

- Fishbane PM et al. Physics: for Scientists and Engineers with Modern Physics. Prentice Hall, 1996.
- Tipler PA. Physics for Scientists and Engineers. 6th edition. Freeman & Company, W. H.; 2007.
- Kane JW, Sternheim MM. Physics. 3rd ed. Wiley; 1998.

Detailed bibliography

- Boeker E, Van Grodelle R. Environmental Physics. John Wiley & Sons, 2nd ed., 1999.



- Mason N, Hughes P. Introduction To Environmental Physics. Taylor & Francis, 2001.

Journals

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Web sites of interest

- http://www.sc.ehu.es/sbweb/fisica/
- http://lectureonline.cl.msu.edu/~mmp/applist/applets.htm
- http://phet.colorado.edu/index.php

COURSE G	UIDE	2023/24			
Faculty	125 - Faculty	of Pharmacy	Cycle		
Degree		Bachelor`s Degree in Food Science and Techonology	Year	Second y	ear
OURSE					
25112 - E	Biochemistry		Cre	dits, ECTS:	9
OURSE D	ESCRIPTION				
metabolic which are The secc organism organism will gene The third	c transformations e mainly proteins and part of the co to obtain the me alive. In order to rate the appropria	biomolecules that are part of the human organism, both from that take place within the cells. To this end, the reaction methat that function as biological catalysts, are detailed. The urse contains the description and analysis of the main meta- trabolic energy necessary for the synthesis of the macromo- preach this objective, it is necessary to ingest food, with differ ate substrates so that these reactions can take place. We genetic information is transmitted so that the various prot- protection of living organisms can be expressed.	echanisms carrie abolic pathways th lecules that keep ferent degrees of	d out by enzy hat occur in th the human elaboration,	/mes ne whicł
COMPETER	NCIES/LEARNIN	G RESULTS FOR THE SUBJECT			
3To ide energy in 4To kno	n the synthesis of ow the pathways	and the chemical processes to obtain metabolic energy by biomolecules themselves. of expression, repair and transmission of the genetic mess nd/or biochemical analysis and to interpret the results.		that consum	ne tha
ONTENID	OS TEÓRICO-PI	RÁCTICOS			
TOPIC 1	. PRESENTATIO	N. Introduction to the biological molecules.			
proteinog TOPIC 3 TOPIC 4	genic amino acids PROTEINS. Co THREE-DIMEN	Chemical-biological characteristics of amino acids. Proper Non-proteinogenic amino acids. ncept, generalities and classification. Peptide bond. Primar SIONAL STRUCTURE OF PROTEINS. Secondary structure. Quaternary structure. Conjugated proteins. Protein denat	y structure. re of proteins. Fib		oular
classifica TOPIC 6 Represei TOPIC 7	ation of enzymes. . KINETICS OF E ntations. Enzyma REGULATION	BIOLOGICAL CATALYSTS. Chemical nature of enzymes. Mechanisms of enzymatic reactions: active center, binding NZYMATIC REACTIONS. Michaelis-Menten equation. Me tic activity: factors that modify it. Enzymatic inhibition. OF ENZYMATIC ACTIVITY. Allosteric enzymes: concept a cation. Isoenzymes.	and catalysis. aning of the kineti	c constants.	of
TOPIC 9	NUCLEOTIDES	TES. Structure. Classification and biological interest. 5. Structure and function. ture. Classification and biological interest. Biological memb	ranes.		
		ON TO INTERMEDIARY METABOLISM. Concept of metab Regulation of metabolism.	oolic pathway. Irre	versible reac	tions
		OXIDATIONS. Respiratory chain: location, components and direspiratory control.	d control. Oxidativ	e phosphory	latior
TOPIC 1 Fates of TOPIC 1 pathway.	4GLUCOSE ME pyruvate. Shuttle 5GLUCOSE ME	RICARBOXYLIC ACIDS. Sequence, balance and functions. TABOLISM (1). Digestion and absorption of carbohydrates systems. Energy balance of glucose oxidation. TABOLISM (2) Gluconeogenesis: Stages and balance from	s. Glycolysis: sequ m pyruvate.pentos	se phosphate)
		OF GLUCOSE METABOLISM. Coordinated regulation of IETABOLISM. Glycogenolysis. Regulation of glycogen met	•••••	coneogenes	IS.
TOPIC 1	8DIGESTION A	ND TRANSPORT OF LIPIDS. Digestion and absorption of	lipids. Structure o	f plasma	

NAZIOARTEKO BIKAINTASUN CAMPUSA CAMPUS DE EXCELENCIA INTERNACIONAL

Universidad del País Vasco TOPIC 19.-CATABOLISM OF FATTY ACIDS. Activation of fatty acids .β-oxidation of fatty acids. Ketone bodies: biosynthesis and utilization.

TOPIC 20. FATTY ACID BIOSYNTHESIS. Malonyl-CoA formation. Fatty acid synthase complex. Elongation and unsaturation of fatty acids.

TOPIC 21.- LIPID BIOSYNTHESIS. Biosynthesis of triacylglycerides and phospholipids. Biosynthesis of cholesterol and steroid derivatives.

TOPIC 22. PROTEIN CATABOLISM AND AMINO ACID METABOLISM. Digestion and intracellular degradation of proteins. Metabolism of the alpha-amino group of amino acids, fate of ammonium, urea cycle. Metabolism of the carbon chain of amino acids. Biosynthesis of nonessential amino acids.

TOPIC 23. NUCLEOTIDES METABOLISM. De novo biosynthesis and recovery pathways of purine nucleotides. Degradation of purine nucleotides. De novo biosynthesis and recovery pathways of pyrimidine nucleotides. Biosynthesis of deoxyribonucleotides.

TOPIC 24. INTEGRATION OF METABOLISM. Tissue-specific metabolism. Fasting-feeding cycle.

TOPIC 25.- DNA STRUCTURE. Primary structure. Secondary structure. Supercoiling. Nucleosomes. Genes and genome. TOPIC 26.- DNA REPLICATION. Properties. DNA polymerases. Stages of replication.

TOPIC 27.-DNA MUTATION AND REPAIR. Causes of mutations and repair systems.

TOPIC 28.- DNA TRANSCRIPTION. RNA structure. Properties. RNA polymerases. Stages of transcription. RNA maturation.

TOPIC 29. PROTEIN BIOSYNTHESIS. Properties. Genetic code. Amino acid activation. Stages of protein biosynthesis. maturation of proteins.

TOPIC 30.- REGULATION OF GENE EXPRESSION. Bacteria. Eukaryotes.

TEACHING METHODS

METHODOLOGY OF TEACHING MODALITIES:

- LECTURES: They will be held in classrooms with blackboard, computer and projector (65 hours).

- LABORATORY PRACTICES:

They will be carried out in practice laboratories (4 sessions of 5 hours each).

- CLASSROOM PRACTICES:

They are carried out in classrooms with blackboard, computer and projector (2 sessions of 2.5 hours each).

TYPES OF TEACHING

Types of teaching	М	S	GA	GL	GO	GCL	ТА	TI	GCA
Hours of face-to-face teaching	65		5	20					
Horas de Actividad No Presencial del Alumno/a	97,5		7,5	30					

Legend:	M: Lecture-based	S: Seminar	GA: Applied classroom-based groups
	GL: Applied laboratory-based groups	GO: Applied computer-based groups	GCL: Applied clinical-based groups
	TA: Workshop	TI: Industrial workshop	GCA: Applied fieldwork groups
	TA. Workshop	TI. Industrial workshop	GCA. Applied lieldwork groups

Evaluation methods

- Continuous evaluation

- End-of-course evaluation

Evaluation tools and percentages of final mark

- Written test, open questions 15%

- Multiple choice test 50%
- Exercises, cases or problem sets 20%
- Individual assignments 10%
- Teamwork assignments (problem solving, Project design) 5%

ORDINARY EXAMINATION PERIOD: GUIDELINES AND OPTING OUT

The final exam consists of a theoretical and a practical part. The theoretical part will account for 65% of the final grade of the course, there will be a test section (50%) and questions to be developed (15%). The practical part will account for 20% of the final grade. To pass the course it is necessary to pass both parts separately. The remaining 15% of the grade is obtained through continuous assessment, through questions and exercises that the teacher will pose in class or on the eGela platform during the course and two individual tests. The realization of laboratory practices is mandatory. During the development of the practices, the attitude and skills in the laboratory work will be graded, as well as the students' capacity

of expression and teamwork.

In any case, students will have the right to be evaluated through the final evaluation system, regardless of whether or not they have participated in the continuous evaluation system. To do so, students must submit in writing to the teacher responsible for the subject the waiver of continuous assessment, for which they will have a period of 9 weeks from the beginning of the course.

Both in the case of continuous assessment and in the case of final assessment, failure to attend the test set on the official exam date will mean the automatic waiver of the call, and will result in the qualification of not presented.

EXTRAORDINARY EXAMINATION PERIOD: GUIDELINES AND OPTING OUT

The same conditions as in the ordinary exam.

However, students who pass any of the parts in the ordinary exam will not have to repeat it in the extraordinary exam, i.e., they will only have to take the exam of the failed part.

MANDATORY MATERIALS

eGEIa will be essential for the proper development of the lesson.

BIBLIOGRAFÍA

Basic bibliography

- 1.-"Lehninger. Principles of Biochemistry", D.L. Nelson and M.M. Cox, 8th Edition. 2021.
- 2.- "Fundamentals of biochemistry: Life at the molecular level", D. Voet, J.G. Voet and C.W. Pratt, 5th edition. 2016
- 3.- "Biochemistry. Basic course.", J.L.Tymoczko , L. Stryer, J.M. Berg and, 2nd edition. 2014.
- 4.- "Human Molecular Genetics 3", T. Strachan & A. P. Read. 2018

Detailed bibliography

- 1.- "The Initiation of DNA Replication in Eukaryotes". D.L. Kaplan, 2016
- 2.- "The Regulation of DNA Replication and Transcription" M. Beljanski, 2013
- 3.- "Metabolic Regulation: A human prespective" K. N. Frayn, 3rd edition, 2019

Journals

Web sites of interest

http://highered.mheducation.com/sites/0072507470/student_view0/index.html https://www.rcsb.org/ https://www.sciencedaily.com/news/matter_energy/biochemistry/ https://www.sebbm.es/web/en/

http://www.ehu.es/biomoleculas http://www.biorom.uma.es/

OBSERVATIONS

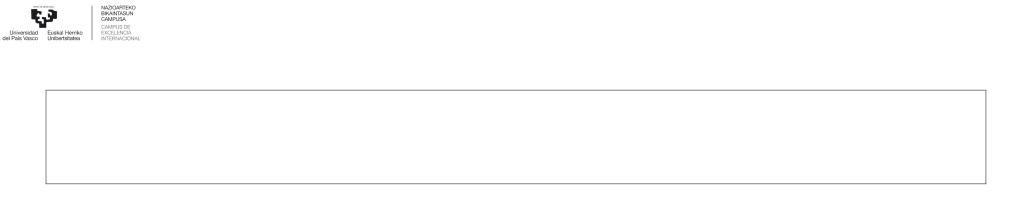
Minimum knowledge of the following areas is required:

BIOLOGY

- Cell structure and organization.
- CHEMISTRY
- Concentration units
- Chemical bonds and intermolecular forces
- Chemical kinetics
- Stereoisomerism
- PHYSICS
- Basic thermodynamic quantities

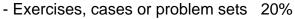
MATHEMATICS

- Graphical representations and linear regression analysis.



)23/24										
Faculty	125 - Faculty of Pl	narmacy								Cyc	le	
Degree	GCTALI10 - Bach	elor`s Degre	e in F	ood So	cience a	and Te	chonolo	gy		Year		Second year
OURSE												
25115 - Ch	emical Engineering										Credit	s, ECTS: 6
COURSE DES	SCRIPTION											
calculation phenomena designing p Theoretical understanc This subject	e provides the basic methods and desig a and on conservation processes to product l reasoning has bee and be able to design t is an introduction course requires the cs.	n equations on laws. Th e and mani n minimized ign the proc to the subje	are re is kno pulate I. In fa æsses cts "U	equired wledge food. ct, the used i nit Ope	. Unit o , along aim of t n the clerations	peratio with su the sub hemica I" and	ns are l uitable r ject is r l indust "Unit O	based of mathem not to fo ry (mai operatio	on ener natical c ocus on nly thos ons II", t	gy and develop theore se relat hat will	l mass to oment, i etical de ted to th l be tau	ransfer s useful for evelopment, but he food industry ght in the comir
COMPETENC	CIES/LEARNING RI	ESULTS FO	RTH	E SUB	JECT							
CE1. To ur CE2. To be CE3. To be CE4. To be	mpetences of the conderstand unit system able to approach a able to approach a able to approach a able to approach a now the basic princip	ms of physic and solve ma and solve en and solve ma	acroso thalpy echan	opic m baland ical ene	lass bal ces in h ergy ba	lances leat exc lances	in simpl change	le opera system	ations.	ring ca	Ilculatio	ns.
	S TEÓRICO-PRÁC	TICOS										
Lesson 3. I Lesson 4. I Lesson 5. I	General principles of Basic principles of fl Mass balances Energy balances Introduction to chem	uid mechan	ics	Ū)							
Practice 2: Practice 3:	y practice: Theoretical and rea Mass balance in a Mass and energy b Kinetic analysis of	continuous i alances in a	mixing an eva	proces	SS	allatior	I					
	IETHODS											
 Classroor Laborator 	to explain the basic m practices to solve ry practice solving seminars: th	problems				oups, w	ill solve	a prop	osed ex	xercise		
YPES OF TE	EACHING											
	Types	of teaching	М	S	GA	GL	GO	GCL	ТА	TI	GCA	
	Hours of face-to-face		36		6	15,5	2,5					-
Horas de Activ	vidad No Presencial de	el Alumno/a	54		9	23,25	3,75					
_	M: Lecture-based GL: Applied laborator	v-based group	_		d compu		d groups	GCL:	• •	clinical-t	n-based g based gro k groups	oups
Legend:	TA: Workshop	,	TI:	Industria	ai worksr	юр		00/1.		noianoi		
Legend: Evaluation m	TA: Workshop		TI:	Industria		юр		00/1				

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- Teamwork assignments (problem solving, Project design) 15%

ORDINARY EXAMINATION PERIOD: GUIDELINES AND OPTING OUT

- Tools and percentages for grading:

Laboratory practice: 20 % (two exams in the computer room)

Final exam (theoretical-practical): 80 %

Problem-solving seminars: additional mark (maximum of 10 %)

- Opting out of the ordinary sitting

Failure to appear at the final exam on the official date of the ordinary sitting will automatically mean opting out of that sitting, which will lead to the grade of Not Sat.

EXTRAORDINARY EXAMINATION PERIOD: GUIDELINES AND OPTING OUT

In the extraordinary sitting, the only system to assess the student will be the final evaluation system. Nevertheless, if the student has a positive grade in laboratory practices or problem-solving seminars, those grades will be maintained. On the contrary, if the results are negative, the final exam will enable the student to get 100% of the final grade.

MANDATORY MATERIALS

Lesson notes, lists of exercises, tables and graphs, calculator, practice scripts. The students must wear a laboratory coat during laboratory practice. Moreover, students must bring a laptop during laboratory practice (at least one for each group).

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Detailed bibliography

Journals

Web sites of interest

COURSE GUI	DE	2023/24			
Faculty	125 - Faculty o	Pharmacy		Cycle	
Degree	GCTALI10 - Ba	chelor`s Degree in Food S	Science and Techonology	Year	Third year
OURSE					
25124 - Foc	od Technology I			Cro	edits, ECTS: 6
COURSE DES	CRIPTION				
changes that This knowle field of food Thus, the ai the manufact will be able disadvantag This guide of period of the part of the n for all the st In order to b Food Chem serves as a	at take place in t edge is essential preparation and im of this subject cture of food, fro to select the mo ges of their choic contains informate a 3rd year of the nodule called For ages that affect be able to follow istry and Biochet basis for Food	he technological, nutritional for the future food technol preservation. It is for the student to acqu m the raw material to the st appropriate technology e. tion related to the subject Bachelor's Degree in Foo bod Technology, whose ob the food, from the raw ma this subject properly is ne mistry, Basic Operations	cal foundations of preservation al and sensory characteristics logist to be able to correctly ca ire the knowledge and skills re- finished product that reaches in each case, taking into acco Food Technology I, which is t of Science and Technology. T jective is that the student acq terial to the finished product the cessary for students to have a and Food Microbiology and H optional subjects that deal with	of food during pro arry out their profe elated to all the op the consumer. This ount the limitations aught during the 2 his subject, like Fo uires the necessa hat reaches the co adequate training i Hygiene. Likewise,	ecessing and stora essional work in the erations involved is way, the studen a advantages and and four-month bod Technology II ry technological b onsumer. n subjects related Food Technology
DISCIPLINE	E-SPECIFIC CC	RESULTS FOR THE SU MPETENCES IN FOOD T	ECHNOLOGY:		
	2	·	C		
C2. Analyse	e and interpret tr	ie theoretical bases under	pinning each type of operation	n involved in food	processing.
	tand the operation each type of pro	0	Is of the different types of equ	uipment that can b	e used in the food
C4. Analyse	e and assess the	effects that different form	s of processing can cause on	foodstuffs.	
C5. Design	and plan food m	anufacturing processes u	sing different operations.		
C6. Use in a	a practical way s	ome equipment within a fo	ood manufacturing process ar	nd judge its effect.	
TRANSVER	RSAL COMPETI	ENCES OF THE DISCIPLI	NE FOOD TECHNOLOGY:		
C7. Plan an	d carry out grou	p work aimed at searching	for information and obtaining	g, presenting and o	discussing results.
Theoretical ar	nd Practical Co	ntents			
THEORETI	CAL PROGRAM	IME			
I INTRODU 1. Introducti					
 Washing Sorting. Size redution Size redution Size redution Mixing and 	and Cleaning. uction in solid foo uction in liquid fo nd Molding.	ods.	RATIONS		
III. SEPARA 7. Centrifug 8. Filtration.		SES			

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10. Separation by Membranes.

IV. HEAT PROCESSING

- 11. Blanching.
- 12. Pasteurization.
- 13. Sterilization

V. WATER CONTENT REDUCTION PROCESSES

- 14. Concentration: Concentration by Evaporation. Freeze Concentration.
- 15. Dehydration: Dehydration by Evaporation. Dehydration by Sublimation (Freeze Drying).

PRACTICAL PROGRAMME

INDUSTRIAL WORKSHOPS: Several sessions will be held at a food plant scale with the aim of becoming familiar with the some of the equipment commonly used for food processing. When possible, the students will have to analyze the effect of the processing on the characteristics of the processed product. The practical sessions planned are the following:

1. Analysis and evaluation of the cold-pressing extraction operation. Assembly of the press, setting up, extraction of some oily seeds and evaluation.

2. Evaluation of the size reduction operation in liquids. Pressure homogenizer, set-up, operating conditions and evaluation.

3. Fruit juice pasteurization. Sensory and analytical evaluation of juices.

4. Operations involved in fruit preservation by heat treatment. Evaluation of the process.

CLASSROOM PRACTICES: This will consist of the selection by groups of a specific application of an industrial process and subsequent presentation and argumentation in the classroom of the selected application.

FIELD PRACTICES: A field practice consisting of visiting a food processing plant will be carried out.

TEACHING METHODS

This subject uses a variety of teaching methodologies:

•Lectures (M) will be given in which the basic contents of the subject will be presented. The active participation of the students will be encouraged.

•Classroom practice (GA) will be carried out during normal class time and will consist of a project based on Problem Based Learning (PBL) methodology.

•The Industrial Workshops (IT) will be carried out in work groups in the Food Plant of the Faculty of Pharmacy.

•Students will also carry out a field practice (GCA) which will consist of a visit to a food industry in the sector. During the visit, students will be able to check the usefulness of their theoretical knowledge as they will see in situ machinery and processes for the preparation of raw materials and their transformation, which will have been previously dealt with in class, which will facilitate their understanding and learning.

TYPES OF TEACHING

Types of teaching	Μ	S	GA	GL	GO	GCL	TA	TI	GCA
Hours of face-to-face teaching	36		6					12	6
Horas de Actividad No Presencial del Alumno/a	80		2					6	2

Legend: M: Lecture-based S: Seminar

GL: Applied laboratory-based groups GO: Applied computer-based groups GCL: Applied clinical-based groups TI: Industrial workshop

GA: Applied classroom-based groups GCA: Applied fieldwork groups

Evaluation methods

- Continuous evaluation
- End-of-course evaluation

Evaluation tools and percentages of final mark

- Written test, open questions 65%

TA: Workshop

- Exercises, cases or problem sets 15%
- Teamwork assignments (problem solving, Project design) 20%

ORDINARY EXAMINATION PERIOD: GUIDELINES AND OPTING OUT

The final mark of each student will be the result of a weighted evaluation of different tests and activities:

•Written exam (individual exam): 65% (it will be necessary to pass the exam in order to calculate the final weighted grade). This exam must be passed with a minimum score of 5 out of 10.

•Report on the results obtained in the industrial workshops (team work): 15%. It will consist of the elaboration, in groups, of a report that compiles the results, observations and conclusions obtained in the sessions of the industrial workshops. This test must be passed with a minimum score of 4 points out of 10.

•PBL-based work (team work): 20%. It will consist of carrying out a work based on PBL. This test must be passed with a minimum score of 4 out of 10 points.

Waiver of the Continuous Evaluation system (Art. 8.3 -see Normativa de Evaluación del Alumnado*):

To waiver of the continuous evaluation system, students must submit a written waiver to the lecturer responsible for the subject, for which they will have a period of 9 weeks counting from the beginning of the four-month period. Students who waive the Continuous Assessment System will have the right to be assessed through the final evaluation system, which will consist of as many exams and assessment activities as necessary to be able to evaluate and measure the defined learning outcomes, in an equivalent way to how they are assessed in the continuous evaluation system and will comprise 100% of the mark for the subject.

Waiver of the exam (Art. 12 see "Normativa de Evaluación del Alumnado"*):

The non-presentation to the written exam will imply the renounce to the call, and will result in a "Not Presented" grade.

*https://www.ehu.eus/es/web/estudiosdegrado-gradukoikasketak/ebaluaziorako-arautegia

EXTRAORDINARY EXAMINATION PERIOD: GUIDELINES AND OPTING OUT

The evaluation of the subjects in the extraordinary call will be carried out exclusively through the final evaluation system, as described for the ordinary call.

The non-presentation to the exam will imply the waiver of the call, and will result in a "Not Presented" grade.

MANDATORY MATERIALS

Para los Talleres Industriales será obligatorio el uso de bata.

En la plataforma web Moodle (eGela) se dispone de documentación sobre los objetivos, dinámica (calendario y actividades), programa de la asignatura, y recursos bibliográficos. También se dispone de los protocolos para el desarrollo de las prácticas en laboratorio. Los materiales didácticos necesarios para un adecuado seguimiento de la asignatura estarán disponibles, a lo largo del curso, en el servicio de reprografía de la Facultad de Farmacia

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-Hui, Y.H. (ed.) (1992). Encyclopedia of Food Science and Technology. John Wiley & Sons, Nueva York, USA. -Man, C.M.D., Jones, A.A. (2000). Shelf Life Evaluation of Foods (2^a ed.). Blackie Academic & Professional, Glasgow, UK.

Journals

Critical Reviews in Food Science and Nutrition Food Chemistry Food Science and Technology International Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry Journal of Food Science Trends in Food Science and Technology

Web sites of interest

Agencia Española de Seguridad Alimentaria y Nutrición: http://www.aesan.msc.es Codex Alimentarius Commission: http://www.codexalimentarius.net/web/index_es.jsp European Federation of Food Science and Technology (EFFoST): http://www.effost.org European Food Information Council (EUFIC): http://www.eufic.org/sp/home/home.htm European Food Safety Authority (EFSA): http://www.efsa.europa.eu Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO): http://www.fao.org Institute of Food Science and Technology (IFST): http://www.ifst.org Institute of Food Technologists (IFT): http://www.ift.org Ministerio de Asuntos Sociales y Agenda 2030: https://www.agenda2030.gob.es/

COURSE G	UIDE	2023/24				
Faculty	125 - Faculty of	of Pharmacy	Сус	cle .		
Degree	GCTALI10 - B	achelor`s Degree in Food Science and Techonology	Yea	r F	ourth yea	ar
COURSE						
25130 - 3	Science & Techno	logy of Meat, Fish & their Derivatives		Credits	, ECTS:	9
COURSE D	ESCRIPTION					
last year The gene preserva meat and select in transform Thus, the respectiv knowled	of the Degree in F eral objective of th tion and transform d fish derivatives. I each case the mo nation and elabora e course is closely rely), since both ar ge and competenc	d Technology of Meat, Fish and Derived Products is tau Food Science and Technology and it is part of the "Foo e subject is to study in depth and from an applied pers nation of meat and fish, as well as the processing techn its purpose is for students to acquire the basic knowled st appropriate raw materials, ingredients, additives and ation of meat and fish derivatives. related to the Food Technology I and II subjects (taug re the basis of application to the technologies of the diffi- ces previously acquired from other subjects of the degred d year), and Food Microbiology and Hygiene (3rd year)	nd Sector" modu pective the com hology and the p dge and skills th d technologies f ht in the 3rd an ferent sectors. I ee such as Foo	ule. nposition, o properties nat will ena for the pres d 4th year Likewise, i	character and defe able them servation rs of the D it integrat	istics cts of to , Degre
COMPETEI	NCIES/LEARNING	G RESULTS FOR THE SUBJECT				
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	color	pacity				
12. Lives 13. Elect 14. Meat	tock slaughter	TION OF MEAT. FRESH MEAT TECHNOLOGY				
		TION. TECHNOLOGICAL PROCESSES derived products. General processes				

- 20. Minced cured-aged meat derivatives
- 21. Whole pasteurized meat derivatives
- 22. Minced pasteurized meat derivatives

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- II PART. SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY OF FISH AND DERIVED PRODUCTS
- 1. Introduction
- I. STRUCTURE AND COMPOSITION OF FISH
- 2. Structure and characteristics of fish muscle tissue
- 3. Chemical composition of fish
- 4. Structure and Composition variability and scientific-technical consequences

II. POST-MORTEM CHANGES IN FISH. FISH QUALITY

- 5. Changes in appearance, smell, taste and texture
- 6. Spoilage of fish
- 7. Shelf life and quality factors
- 8. Assessment of fish freshness

III. GENERAL OPERATIONS IN FISH HANDLING AND PROCESSING

- 9. Preliminary handling
- 10. Unitary technological processes
- 11. Refrigeration applied to fish
- 12. Freezing applied to fish
- 13. Thawing applied to fish
- IV. TRANSFORMATION OF FISH. TECHNOLOGICAL PROCESSES
- 14. Classification of fish-derived products
- 15. Fish canning
- 16. Fish drying and salting
- 17. Fish Marinating
- 18. Fish smoking
- 19. Minced fish and Surimi
- 20. Fish gels and emulsions
- 21. Fish by-products

PRACTICAL PROGRAMME

Three different activities will be held: industrial practicals, workshop/exercises and field visits.

INDUSTRIAL PRACTICALS: Several sessions will be held to reproduce at a food plant scale some meat and fish manufacturing processes with the aim of elaborating certain derivatives and/or of processing different raw materials. In these sessions, students will become familiar with some equipment and processes, will be able to experiment with different variables and analyze the processing effect on the characteristics of the final product.

- 1. Elaboration of a cured-aged sausage and evaluation of the processes involved.
- 2. Elaboration of a pasteurized sausage and evaluation of the processes involved.
- 3. Elaboration of semi-preserved fish derivatives and evaluation of the processes involved.
- 4. Elaboration of smoked fish derivatives and evaluation of the processes involved.

WORKSHOPS (in classroom): Results from Industrial Practicals will be presented and defended in 2 sessions of 3 hours for each section (meat & fish).

FIELD VISITS: Visits to companies that manufacture meat and fish-derived products will be done.

TEACHING METHODS

El programa teórico se desarrollará mediante lecciones magistrales participativas.

Los Talleres Industriales se desarrollarán en pequeños grupos en la Planta Alimentaria. Estas sesiones se completarán con una sesión de exposición y discusión abierta de los resultados en aula.

Las Prácticas de Campo estarán dirigidas por un técnico de la propia empresa. Cada estudiante entregará individualmente un resumen o diagrama de flujo de los procesos observados durante la visita.

							TA			
Types of teach	-	S	GA	GL	GO	GCL	ТА	TI	GCA	
Hours of face-to-face teachin			6					18	9	
Horas de Actividad No Presencial del Alumi	n o/a 90		18					13	14	
Legend: M: Lecture-based	S:	Seminar	r			GA: A	pplied cl	assroom	n-based group)S
GL: Applied laboratory-based	groups GC	D: Applie	ed compu	ter-base	d groups	GCL:	Applied	clinical-t	based groups	
TA: Workshop	TI:	Industri	al worksh	пор		GCA:	Applied	fieldwor	k groups	
valuation methods										
- Continuous evaluation										
- End-of-course evaluation										
valuation tools and percentages of fi	nal mark									
- Written test, open questions 70%										
- Exercises, cases or problem sets	20%									
- Individual assignments 10%										
RDINARY EXAMINATION PERIOD: 0	GUIDELINI	ES ANI		NG OU	Т					
The final grade of the student will be t	he result c	f the w	eighted	evalua	tion of	differen	t tests	and ac	tivities:	
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group of the results, observations and				• •	,					
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must be passed with a minimum score		•						- [,	
Other activities (10%). Set of other ac	tivities car	ried out	t either	individu	ally or	in smal	l group	S.		
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Animal

Critical Reviews in Food Science and Nutrition Comprehensive Reviews in Food Science and Food Safety European Food Research and Technology Food Chemistry Food Science and Technology International Food Reviews International International Journal of Food Science and Technology Journal of Aquatic Food Product Technology Journal of Aquatic Food Product Technology Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry Journal of Animal Science Journal of Food Science of Food and Agriculture LWT- Food Science and Technology Meat Science Trends in Food Science and Technology

Web sites of interest

European Federation of Food Science and Technology (EFFoST). www.effost.org/ Institute of Food Science and Technology. www.ifst.org/ Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations. Torry Advisory Notes. www.fao.org/ Integrating Food Science & Engineering Knowledge into the Food Chain. www.iseki-food.net Canadian Institute of Food Science & Technology. www.cifst.ca

	JIDE	2023/24			
Faculty	125 - Faculty c	f Pharmacy		Cycle	•
Degree	GNUTRI10 - B	achelor's Degree in Humar	Nutrition & Dietetics	Year	First year
OURSE					
25190 - C	hemistry and Bio	chemistry of Food		Cr	edits, ECTS: 6
OURSE DI	ESCRIPTION				
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the result 6. Organia the correct	s obtained. se and plan group	work for the search, select Food Chemistry; understa	ncentration, properties) usir tion and synthesis of inforn and reports on analytical pro	nation; express then	nselves clearly, usir
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	TICAL PROGRAM				
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Laboratory practical classes on the study of some properties and behaviour of certain important components in foodstuffs:

- 1. Characterisation of edible oils after extraction of fatty acids. Refractive indexes of edible oils.
- 2. Fractionation and quantification of food proteins in egg products.
- 3. Thermal stability of chlorophylls in plant foods.

TEACHING METHODS

The teachers in charge of the subject belong to the Food Technology Area, and use different teaching methodologies in this subject:

• Lectures (M) in which the basic contents of the subject will be presented.

• Laboratory practical classes (GL) will be carried out in working groups and include two different and complementary tasks: (1) carrying out the practical exercises in the laboratory and subsequent discussion of the results obtained in a seminar and (2) preparation of a written report in which the most relevant results obtained and their interpretation will be included. The active participation of the students will be encouraged and evaluated. • Classroom practice (GA) consists of two types of activities directed by the teacher: (1) resolution of exercises individually, and (2) oral presentation, after group work, on the chemistry, behaviour and functionality of a type of food additive (lesson 15), in which the active participation of the students will be encouraged and evaluated.

TYPES OF TEACHING

Types of teaching	М	S	GA	GL	GO	GCL	ТА	ТІ	GCA
Hours of face-to-face teaching	40		5	15					
Horas de Actividad No Presencial del Alumno/a	70		5	15					

S: Seminar

GL: Applied laboratory-based groups GO: Applied computer-based groups TA: Workshop

TI: Industrial workshop

GA: Applied classroom-based groups GCL: Applied clinical-based groups GCA: Applied fieldwork groups

Evaluation methods

Legend:

- Continuous evaluation

- End-of-course evaluation

Evaluation tools and percentages of final mark

- Written test, open questions 70%

- Exercises, cases or problem sets 18%

M: Lecture-based

- Oral presentation of assigned tasks, Reading; 12%

ORDINARY EXAMINATION PERIOD: GUIDELINES AND OPTING OUT

Continuous Assessment System: The student's final grade will be the result of the weighted evaluation of the following tests and activities:

• Final written exam (individual): 70%. This is a test on the theoretical (and practical) contents of the programme. It must be passed with a minimum score of 5 points out of 10.

• Laboratory practice report, together with the work carried out in the laboratory and active participation in the seminar (by groups): 18%. It must be passed with a minimum score of 5 out of 10 points. If it is not passed, the student will have to do a written practical exam, where the competences and/or learning results of the laboratory practical classes will be evaluated.

• Oral presentation on food additives and active participation of students (in groups): 12%.

If the student does not pass the subject as a whole, the grade for the practical activities of the subject passed will only be kept for the following academic year, provided that the grade for these activities is at least 7 points out of 10. However, if the student takes these practical activities again, he/she will be eligible for a new grade.

Waiver of the Continuous Assessment System (Student assessment regulations BOPV 13.03.2017, Art. 8.3): Students must submit in writing to the lecturer responsible for the subject the waiver of the Continuous Assessment System, for which they will have a period of 9 weeks, starting from the beginning of the term, in accordance with the academic calendar of the centre. Students who waive the Continuous Assessment System will have the right to be assessed through the Final Assessment System, which will consist of a test consisting of one or more exams and global assessment activities of the subject, which will take place during the official exam period, and will comprise 100% of the mark for the subject. This test will cover all the theoretical and practical content worked on in the subject.

The waiver of the Exam will be in accordance with the student assessment regulations (BOPV 13.03.2017 and 28.06.2019, Art. 12.). In the case of Continuous Assessment, failure to take the final exam will result in the waiver of the exam. In the case of Final Assessment, failure to sit the final exam set on the official exam date will result in the automatic waiver of the exam. Failure to sit the final exam will result in a grade of "not presented".

Note: The "Protocol on academic ethics and prevention of dishonest or fraudulent practices in assessment tests and academic work of the UPV/EHU" will be applicable. The detection of fraud, copying or plagiarism during an assessment test will result in a failing grade and a numerical grade of "0.0"; and likewise if during the correction of a test or academic work the commission of a fraudulent practice relevant to its result becomes evident.

EXTRAORDINARY EXAMINATION PERIOD: GUIDELINES AND OPTING OUT

The same assessment criteria will be followed as in the Ordinary Call.

If students have taken the Continuous Assessment and obtained positive results, these grades may be maintained for the extraordinary exam of the same academic year.

Students have the right to take the exams and assessment activities that make up the final assessment test of the extraordinary call, which will consist of as many exams and assessment activities as necessary to evaluate and measure the defined learning outcomes, in a similar way to how they were assessed in the ordinary call. In this extraordinary call, students will be able to obtain 100% of the grade. The aforementioned protocol will apply.

Failure to take the final exam will mean that the student will be graded as a "not presented".

MANDATORY MATERIALS

El profesor pone a disposición del alumno/a el material escrito que considere oportuno para su utilización en las clases magistrales y ejercicios de aula, pautas de elaboración de la presentación, guiones de prácticas de laboratorio y cuestiones derivadas, entre otros. Como apoyo a las actividades presenciales en la plataforma eGela se pone a disposición del alumnado documentación complementaria de la guía de la asignatura, material para el seguimiento de la asignatura (listado de actividades, grupos y calendario, recursos bibliográficos, entre otros) y otros documentos de interés relacionados con la materia que se está impartiendo.

Para la realización de las prácticas de laboratorio es obligatorio el uso de bata y gafas de seguridad de laboratorio, cuaderno de laboratorio y calculadora.

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WONG, D.W.S. Food Enzymes. Structure and Mechanism (2nd ed.). Springer. Berlin (Germany), 2013.



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Food Chemistry Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry

Web sites of interest

Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO): www.fao.org Codex Alimentarius: www.codexalimentarius.net/web/index_es.jsp The European Federation of Food Science and Technology (EFFoST): www.effost.org Integrating Safety and Environmental Knowledge Into Food Studies: www.esb.ucp.pt/iseki/

COURSE GU	IIDE	2023/24				
Faculty	125 - Faculty o	f Pharmacy	[Cycle].	
Degree	GFARMA10 - E	Bachelor`s Degree in Pharmacy	[Year	First year	
COURSE	-					
25194 - Bi	ochemistry			Credi	ts, ECTS:	6
COURSE DE	SCRIPTION					
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- Knows th - Differenti - Differenti - Understa - Calculate - Knows th	iates proteinogen ne properties of the iates distinct struct iates enzymes frow ands Michaelis-Me the activity of Me ne different metable	ctural levels of a protein. om other catalysts.	'S.			
CONTENIDO	S TEÓRICO-PR	ÁCTICOS				
TOPIC 2 2.1. Amino 2.2. Peptio 2.3. Prima TOPIC 3 3.1. Secor 3.2. Tertia 3.3. Quate TOPIC 4 4.1. Enzyr	Amino acids, pep o acids: General o des: The peptide l ry structure of pro Three-dimension ndary structure. A ry structure. Stab emary structure. Enzymes	troduction to biological molecules. ptides and proteins. chemical-biological characteristics. Types. bond. Characteristics of the peptide chain. Protein confe oteins. nal structure of proteins. Ipha helix, beta-sheet, beta-turn. Fibrous and globular p ilizing forces. Denaturation.	proteins.	e center: su	ıbstrate and	ť

4.2. Nomenclature and classification of enzymes. Coenzymes and prosthetic groups.

Universidad Euskal Herriko del Pais Vasco Unibertsitatea TOPIC 5.- Enzyme kinetics.

5.1. General concepts: Speed of enzymatic reactions. Factors that modify the enzymatic activity: pH, temperature and inhibitors.

5.2. Michaelian kinetics: Michaelis-Menten equation. Meaning of the kinetic constants. Graphical representations. Determination of Vmax and Km. Lineweaver-Burk transformation. Effect of inhibitors.

5.3. Regulatory enzymes: Generalities. Allosteric enzymes: concept and characteristics. Regulation by covalent modification.

TOPIC 6.- Bioenergetics and metabolism.

6.1. Introduction to intermediary metabolism: Concept of metabolic pathway. Anabolism and catabolism. Regulation of metabolism.

6.2. Energetics of metabolism: Bioenergetics. Coupled reactions. Energy-rich compounds. Irreversible reactions. ATP and phosphoryl group transfer.

6.3. Biological oxidation-reduction reactions: Redox reactions in metabolism. Coenzymes of redox reactions.

TOPIC 7.- Carbohydrates: Description, classification, carbohydrates of metabolic interest.

TOPIC 8.- Carbohydrate catabolism.

8.1 Glycolysis: General concepts of carbohydrate metabolism. Glycolysis: Sequence of reactions and balance.

8.2. Fates of pyruvate under anaerobic and aerobic conditions. Regulation.

8.3. Glycogenolysis.

TOPIC 9.- Krebs cycle and oxidative phosphorylation.

9.1. Krebs cycle: Sequence of reactions, energy balance and functions.

9.2. Respiratory chain: Location, components, reactions and control. Variation of free energy in the respiratory chain.

9.3. ATP synthesis: Mitchell's chemiosmotic theory. ATP synthase. Mechanism. Respiratory control.

9.4. Energy balance of total glucose oxidation.

TOPIC 10.- Carbohydrate Anabolism

10.1. Gluconeogenesis: Stages and balance from pyruvate. Other substrates of the pathway. Cori's cycle. Coordinated regulation of glycolysis and gluconeogenesis.

10.2. Glycogenogenesis. Allosteric and hormonal regulation of glycogen metabolism.

TOPIC 11.- Lipids: Concept of lipids, classification and biological interest.

TOPIC 12.- Lipid catabolism.

12.1. Mobilization of triglycerides from adipose tissue. Activation and transport of fatty acids from the cytoplasm to the mitochondrial matrix.

12.2. Beta-oxidation of saturated fatty acids. Energy balance. Oxidation of fatty acids of odd number of carbon atoms and unsaturated fatty acids.

12.3. Ketone bodies: Biosynthesis and utilization of ketone bodies. Function of ketone bodies. Ketosis.

TOPIC 13.- Lipid anabolism

13.1. De novo synthesis of fatty acids: Formation of malonyl-CoA. Fatty acid synthase complex. Reactions and balance of palmitic acid synthesis. Elongation and unsaturation of fatty acids.

13.2. Cholesterol biosynthesis.

TEACHING METHODS

LECTURES: 45 hours

Theoretical concepts and practical exercises (problems, questions, tests, etc.) will be worked on.

BIOCHEMISTRY LABORATORY: 3 sessions of 4 hours

1.- Preparation of an extract and determination of an enzyme activity.

2.- Determination of the Vmax and Km of the extracted enzyme.

3.- Chromatographic separation of lipids.

COMPUTER PRACTICES: 1 session of 3 hours

1.- Calculation of the kinetic parameters of an enzyme by iterative fitting using specific software. The data obtained in the laboratory will be fitted to curves and straight lines whose constants coincide with these parameters. Exercises and proposed problems will be carried out.

NON-PERSONAL ACTIVITY: 90 hours

- Consultation of texts, elaboration of diagrams and study.

- Solving problems and exercises in class.

- Use of the e-learning platform (eGela) to obtain the information provided by the teaching staff (scripts and groups of practices, videos/ showings, etc.) and to answer the tests and questions posed through this platform.

- Use of information and communication technologies (ICT) to view animations and additional didactic material. NOTE: If face-to-face teaching is suspended, the teaching methodology of the different modalities will be carried out online, using the resources and digital platforms provided by the UPV/EHU.

TYPES OF TEACHING S GA GL GO GCL TA TI GCA Μ Types of teaching Hours of face-to-face teaching 45 12 3 Horas de Actividad No Presencial del Alumno/a 67,5 18 4,5 Legend: M: Lecture-based S: Seminar GA: Applied classroom-based groups GL: Applied laboratory-based groups GO: Applied computer-based groups GCL: Applied clinical-based groups TA: Workshop TI: Industrial workshop GCA: Applied fieldwork groups **Evaluation methods** - Continuous evaluation - End-of-course evaluation Evaluation tools and percentages of final mark - Multiple choice test 60% - Exercises, cases or problem sets 20% - Individual assignments 10% - Teamwork assignments (problem solving, Project design) 10% **ORDINARY EXAMINATION PERIOD: GUIDELINES AND OPTING OUT** The final exam consists of a theoretical and a practical part. The theoretical part will account for 60% of the final grade of the course. The practical part will account for 20% of the final grade. To pass the course it is necessary to pass both parts separately. The remaining 20% of the grade is obtained through continuous assessment, through guestions and exercises that the teacher will pose in class or on the eGela platform during the course. The realization of laboratory practices is mandatory. During the development of the practices, the attitude and skills in the laboratory work will be graded, as well as the students' capacity of expression and teamwork. In any case, students will have the right to be evaluated through the final evaluation system, regardless of whether or not they have participated in the continuous evaluation system. To do so, students must submit in writing to the teacher responsible for the subject the waiver of continuous assessment, for which they will have a period of 9 weeks from the beginning of the course. Both in the case of continuous assessment and in the case of final assessment, failure to attend the test set on the official exam date will mean the automatic waiver of the call, and will result in the qualification of not presented. NOTE: In the event that the evaluation cannot be carried out in person, the tests will be taken on-line using the digital tools and platforms offered by the UPV/EHU. **EXTRAORDINARY EXAMINATION PERIOD: GUIDELINES AND OPTING OUT** Students who pass any of the parts in the ordinary exam will not have to repeat it in the extraordinary exam, i.e., they will only have to take the exam of the failed part.

MANDATORY MATERIALS

- Computer connected to the Internet (available in the computer rooms)

- Textbooks (available in the library)
- Lab coat
- Practice scripts and graph paper (or computer)

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- 1.-"Lehninger. Principles of biochemistry", D.L. Nelson and M.M. Cox, 8th edition. 2021.
- 2.-"Biochemistry. Essential Concepts.", E. Feduchi et al. 2nd edition, 2014.
- 3.-"Biochemistry. Basic course.", J.L.Tymoczco , L. Stryer, J.M. Berg and, 2nd edition, 2014.
- 4.-"Fundamentals of Biochemistry: Life at the Molecular Level", D. Voet, J.G. Voet and C.W. Pratt, 4th edition, 2016.

Detailed bibliography

1.-"Metabolic Regulation: A human prespective" K. N. Frayn, 3rd edition, 2019

Journals



Web sites of interest

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http://highered.mheducation.com/sites/0072507470/student_view0/index.html https://www.sebbm.es/web/en/ https://www.sciencedaily.com/news/matter_energy/biochemistry/ https://www.rcsb.org/

http://www.ehu.es/biomoleculas http://www.biorom.uma.es/

COURSE GU	IDE	2023/24						
Faculty	125 - Faculty	of Pharmacy			C	Cycle		
Degree	GNUTRI10 - E	Bachelor's Degree	e in Human Nutritic	on & Dietetics	Y	ear	Second y	ear
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25203 - Ge	ene Expression	& Metabolic Cont	trol			Credit	s, ECTS:	6
COURSE DE	SCRIPTION							
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Universidad Euskal Herriko del Pais Vasco Unibertsitatea HORMONAL METABOLIC REGULATION. Hormones that control the metabolism. Types. Hormonal receptors. Secondary messengers. Short term and long term regulation mechanisms.
 ADAPTATIONS OF THE ENERGETIC METABOLISM. Feeding-fasting cycles. Stress conditions. Diets.

PART 4. NUTRIGENOMIC

18. NUTRIGENOMIC AND NUTRIGENETIC. Definitions and objectives.

19. Nutritional factors and gene expression regulation. Gene-nutrient interactions.

20. Applications of nutrigenomic. Advances. Public Health. Applications in medicine. Applications in food industry. Legal aspects.

PRACTICAL PROGRAMME

LABORATORY PRACTICES

1. DNA extraction, characterization and quantification.

- 2. STR polymorphism analysis by PCR.
- 3. Analysis of lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) isozymes.

COMPUTER PRACTICES

Nutrigenomic applications.

TEACHING METHODS

The theoretical contents of the course will be developed in master classes. During these classes, lecturers or professors will raise questions or exercises that the students will have to solve within the period established by teachers. The laboratory practices will consist of three practical sessions of four hours each.

Previously, the student must read the laboratory protocols and answer a questionnaire. At the end of the laboratory practice period, the student will have to submit a practice report and take an exam.

The computer practices will be carried out in 1 session od three hours. At the end, the students must submit a report on the work done.

TYPES OF TEACHING

	Types of teaching	М	S	GA	GL	GO	GCL	TA	TI	GCA	
	Hours of face-to-face teaching	45			12	3					
Horas de Activ	vidad No Presencial del Alumno/a	67,5			18	4,5					
Legend:	M: Lecture-based	S:	Seminar				GA: A	pplied cl	assroom	n-based g	groups
	GL: Applied laboratory-based grou	ips GC	D: Applie	d compu	ter-base	d groups	GCL:	Applied	clinical-b	based gro	oups
	TA: Workshop	TI:	Industria	al worksł	пор		GCA:	Applied	fieldwor	k groups	;
Evaluation m	ethods										
- Continuo	us evaluation										
- End-of-co	ourse evaluation										
Evaluation to	ols and percentages of final	mark									
- Teamwor	l assignments 10% k assignments (problem solvir	•		0 /							
ORDINARY EX	XAMINATION PERIOD: GUI	DELINE	ES AND	D OPTI	NG OU	Т					
It will be ab choice ques Another par To pass the and half of It will accou	ORY EXAM out the topics covered in the the stions exam. This exam will ac rt will consist of questions to be theory exam, it will be necess the short-answer questions mu int for 60% of the final grade for the exam could not be make of	count f e short sary to ust be a or the c	for 50% -answe pass b answer course.	o of the ered. Th oth par ed corr	final so his will a ts. To c ectly.	ore. account lo this,	for 10 ⁰ 60% of	% of the the mu	e final s Iltiple c	score. hoice q	uestions exam
-	ON OF PRACTICES										

The completion of the laboratory practices will be compulsory.

Previous questionnaire: 5% of the final grade; Report: 5% of final grade

Students who do not carry out the laboratory practices must take a laboratory examination. Practice exam: 10% of the final grade. Computer practice report: 10% of the final grade.

QUESTIONS AND ACTIVITIES IN THE CLASSROOM AND OUT THE CLASSROOM

The lecturer/professor will periodically raise questions and propose activities to be performed in class or at home. Some of them should be done individually and others in groups.

All these activities will be designed to facilitate understanding and learning of the course topics.

Participating in these activities will account for 15% of the final grade.

All students have the right to obtain 100% of the grade through a single final exam. For that, student have to request it before the 9th week of the semester.

This exam will include theoretical and practical content and will be longer and more complete than the normal exam. In any case, laboratory practices will be mandatory. If they are not done, the final exam will include a laboratory exam.

In any case, not taking the exam on the official date of the call will automatically mean the resignation of the corresponding call and will be classified as "not presented".

EXTRAORDINARY EXAMINATION PERIOD: GUIDELINES AND OPTING OUT

In the extraordinary call, the exam and criteria for passing it will be the same as those described for the ordinary call. If in the ordinary call the theoretical or practical part of the exam is passed, in the extraordinary call only the exam corresponding to the suspended part will be carried out

MANDATORY MATERIALS

Usual safety equipment for laboratory practices (gown, glasses).

BIBLIOGRAFÍA

Basic bibliography

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-Herraez, A. "Biología Molecular e Ingeniería Genétia. Conceptos, Técnicas y Aplicaciones en Ciencias de la Salud" Elsevier Ed. Barcelona, 2012

- Gil Hernandez, A. "Tratado de Nutrición. Tomo I: Bases fisiológicas y bioquímicas de la Nutrición" (2.edición) 2010 Editorial Médica Panamericana.

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http://w3.cnice.mec.es/proyectos/genetica/precarga.swf

http://www.ehu.es/biomoleculas/an/tema12.htm

http://www.edumedia-sciences.com/m218_l2-molecular-biology.html

http://www.biorom.uma.es/contenido/av_bma/apuntes/T15/transpo.htm



http://sebbm.bq.ub.es/privt/ens/apuntes/umhregmetabol.pdf

COURSE GL	IIDE	2023/24					
Faculty	125 - Faculty of	of Pharmacy		С	ycle].	
Degree	GCAMBI11 - E	Bachelor's Degree in Environm	ental Science	Ye	ear	First year	
COURSE							1
25227 - G	eology				Cred	its, ECTS:	6
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they are for students of their relati This cours	ormed and a first of this subject und onship with hum se is included wit	provide a solid basis for the un approach to their description a derstand the geological proces anity and natural environment.	and classification. In parallel ses involved in the formatio	, the cours n and evo	se is desi lution of t	gned to ma he Earth as	ike the s well
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	MPETENCES	S RESULTS FOR THE SUBJE					
	• •	d integrate basic scientific kno e environmental issues.	wledge into social, economi	c, Iegal ar	id ethics :	spheres lea	ading
	egration into profe ental research.	essional working groups focus	ed on professional tasks, ind	cluding the	ose relate	d to teachir	ng an
CB1: Abili	ty to learn and u	nderstand the basic principles	of certain research fields.				
CB2: Abili	ty to apply the ac	quired knowledge in a profess	ional mannerhab to working	g practices	and voc	ation	
	•	nterpret significant data in ordet to society, science or ethics.	er to address ideas and opir	nions callir	ng for a p	rofound refl	lectio
CB4: Abili	ty to transmit info	ormation, ideas, issues and sol	lutions to specialist and non	-specialist	audience	Э.	
CB5: Deve	elopment of learr	ning abilities to be used with a	high grade of autonomy in p	osterior s	tudies.		
CROSS-D	ISCIPLINARY C	OMPETENCES					
G009: Abi	lity to use, interp	ret and give information extrac	ted from different sources.				
G010: Tea professior	•	y: interchange of information, i	deas and suggestions in ord	der to achi	eve scier	ntific and	
SPECIFIC	COMPETENCE	S					
M01CM03	: Ability to use d	fferent units, dimensions, scal	es and tools of all the basic	disciplines	S.		
M01CM07	: Interpretation c	f basic geological information	obtained from field work and	d/or geolo	gical map	S.	
Theoretical a	and Practical Co	ontents					
THEORE	FICAL CONTEN	ſS					
	0,	Concept and methods in Geological timescale.	ogy. Geological disciplines a	and relatio	nship wit	h other scie	ences
		Earth: Introduction. Direct and i at flow in the Earth.	indirect study methods. Stru	cture and	composit	ion of the E	Earth:
	ation of the Earth al margins.	's surface. Introduction	n. Plate tectonics. Continent	tal domain	s. Ocean	ic domains.	

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4. Geological structures and deformation: Introduction. Stress and strain. Deformation components. Fracture and brittle deformation. Folds and folding.

5. Mineralogy. Introduction. Minerals and classifications. Macroscopic properties of minerals.

6. Igneous rocks: Introduction. Igneous processes. Magma, melting and changes in the magma composition. Plutonic, volcanic and subvolcanic rocks. Classification of igneous rocks.

7. Metamorphic rocks: Introduction. Metamorphic processes. Factors governing metamorphic processes. Types of metamorphism. Classification of metamorphic rocks. Deformational structures.

8. Sedimentary rocks: Introduction. Sedimentary processes. Components of sedimentary rocks. Clastic rocks. Carbonate rocks. Other non-clastic rocks.

9. Hydrogeology: Introduction. The water cycle. Surface water and groundwater. Groundwater table. Principal parameters controlling groundwater storage and flow. Aquifers and types. Springs and wells. Groundwater pollution.

PRACTICAL CONTENTS

Laboratory sessions

1. Topographic maps: information sources, description, topographic symbols and interpretation

2. Geological maps: information sources, cartographic symbols, representation of geological structures and interpretation of geological maps

- 3. Geological cross-sections, interpretation and reconstruction of the recorded geological history
- 4. Measurement of geological structures: planes and lines
- 5. Representation of orientation measures: orthogonal projection
- 6. Identification of igneous rocks
- 7. Identifications of metamorphic rocks
- 8. Identification of sedimentary rocks

Field trips

1. Half day trip in order to provide valuable experience of geological principles and practice

TEACHING METHODS

TEACHING METHODS

1. Theory classes: they take place in a classroom and are intended to give an overview of the course, introduce the theoretical content of the subject in an organized manner and provide practical information and dates (due dates for assignments, exams...)

2. Laboratory classes: group work sessions. They are supervised by a professor and are focused on the identification and recognition of rocks, measurement and representation of geological structures, and interpretation of topographic, geological maps and cross-sections.

3. Fieldwork in order to consolidate and put into practice the theoretical and practical content worked upon during the course.

TYPES OF TEACHING

	Types of teaching	М	S	GA	GL	GO	GCL	ТА	TI	GCA
Hours of face-to-face teaching			Hours of face-to-face teaching 39 15							6
oras de Activ	ras de Actividad No Presencial del Alumno/a				25					5
Legend:	M: Lecture-based	S:	Seminar				GA: A	pplied cl	assroom	n-based (
	GL: Applied laboratory-based grou	ps GC	D: Applie	d compu	ter-based	d groups	GCL: Applied clinical-based group			
	TA: Workshop	τı	Industria	al worksh	on		GCA: Applied fieldwork groups			

Evaluation tools and percentages of final mark

- Written test, open questions 70%
- Exercises, cases or problem sets 20%
- Individual assignments 10%

ORDINARY EXAMINATION PERIOD: GUIDELINES AND OPTING OUT

The evaluation methods are those stipulated in the BOPV of March 13, 2017 "Acuerdo de 15 de diciembre de 2016, Consejo de Gobierno de la Universidad del País Vasco/Euskal Herriko Unibertsitatea, por el que se aprueba la Normativa Reguladora de la Evaluación del Alumnado en las titulaciones oficiales de Grado". and posterior modifications.

As such, this is an end-of-course evaluation (Chapter II, Article 8, Paragraph 2b) including individual assignments that permit to achieve and evaluate the specific and cross-disciplinary competences and skills contemplated in this course.

The final grade is the weighted sum of the individual scores attained in each evaluated part. A score of more than 4 is required in each of the parts in order to pass the subject.

During the examination the protocol on academic ethics and prevention of dishonest or fraudulent practices in assessment tests and in academic work at the UPV/EHU will be applied.

EXTRAORDINARY EXAMINATION PERIOD: GUIDELINES AND OPTING OUT

The evaluation methods are those stipulated in the BOPV of March 13, 2017 "Acuerdo de 15 de diciembre de 2016, Consejo de Gobierno de la Universidad del País Vasco/Euskal Herriko Unibertsitatea, por el que se aprueba la Normativa Reguladora de la Evaluación del Alumnado en las titulaciones oficiales de Grado". and posterior modifications.

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MANDATORY MATERIALS

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5. MURPHY, B., NANCE, D. (1998). Earth Science Today. Brooks/Cole Wadsworth. Pacific Grove, 684 p.

6. STRAHLER, A.N. (1979). Geología Física. Ed. Omega, Barcelona, 626 p.

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1) www.scotese.com



- 2) www.igme.com
- 3) www.agportal.eve.eus
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- 5) www.sociedadgeologica.org

OURSE G	UIDE	2023/24			
Faculty	125 - Faculty	of Pharmacy		Cycle	
Degree	GCAMBI10 -	Bachelor`s Degree in Enviro	onmental Sciences	Year	Third year
OURSE					
25238 - 1	Meteorology and	Dceanography		Cred	its, ECTS: 6
COURSE D	ESCRIPTION				
involves in order t	those sciences m	raphy is the last course from ost specifically related to th et the multiple relations bet	e knowledge, interpretatior	n and description of nat	ural environment,
	• •	alyzes meteorological pher pecial importance is given to	.	•	
It is enco	uraged to previou	sly study first year's Physic	s and Mathematics in orde	r to realize this course.	
COMPETER	NCIES/LEARNIN	G RESULTS FOR THE SU	BJECT		
Apart fro practiced	•	etences, which are commo	n to every degree, the follo	wing general competer	ices will be
	o acquire basic sc environmental pro	ientific knowledge and use plems.	it in the social, economic,le	egal and ethical spheres	s, in order to
G003: To	be part of profes	sional teams (including tea	ching or research work) fro	m the environmental fie	eld.
	•	etence (G009): To be able to it correctly, to extract signifi			ces about an
Regardin	ig the specific mo	dule competences, the follo	wing will be practiced:		
M02CM0)5: To learn the ba	asic principles of structural-,	, dynamical- and climatic-g	eomorphology.	
M02CM0 information		ic techniques for the obtain	ment, analysis and cartogi	aphic representation of	the environment
	•	d interpret meteorological a ental projects, territorial plar	.		
The learr	ning results of the	student will be the following	g:		
phenome - Greenh	ena: ouse effect	escribe the basic caracterist	ics and causes of the follow	wing meteorological and	d oceanographic
- Wind - Sea/lan - Turbule	nd breezes and fo	l oceanic circulation ehn effect			
- Tides - Waves - Oceanie	c upwellings				
- Hydrost	tatic equation	pply the following equations	s in order to describe atmos	spheric/oceanic behavio	or:
- Technic	ophic equation cal formula for the 's statistical distril	obtainment of altitude wind	I's value inside the Atmosp	heric Boundary Layer	

c) The student is able to use correctly the technical vocabulary employed in meteorology and Oceanography.

d) The student is able to obtain and use meteorological/oceanographic information through internet.

NAZIOARTEKO BIKAINTASUN CAMPUSA CAMPUS DE EXCELENCIA INTERNACIONA

Universidad Euskal Herriko del País Vasco Unibertsitatea

Theoretical and Practical Contents

- 1. Composition and structure of Earth's atmosphere:
- Atmospheric layers
- Principal atmospheric meteors
- Hydrostatic equation
- Vertical atmospherical sounding
- Types of clouds in the troposphere
- 2. Atmospheric general circulation
- Wind's geostrophic equation
- Atmospheric Boundary Layer (ABL)
- Electrical power of an aerogenerator
- Mesometeorological phenomena
- Dispersion of pollutants
- General circulation cells and world wind systems
- Influence of general circulation in Earth's climate
- Air masses affecting Iberic Peninsula

3. Earth atmosphere's heat budget

- Insolation
- Geophysical limit for energy sustainability
- Sun-Earth irradiation flux
- Greenhouse effect
- 1D simple model for climate change
- 4. Composition and structure of ocean
- Oceanic layers
- Oceanic temperature, salinity and density profiles
- Ocean bottom
- 5. Oceanic currents and tides
- General oceanic circulation
- Thermohaline circulation
- Forces generating tides
- Types of tides
- Tide height estimation
- Eckman's spiral
- Descent and subsidence phenomenon due to Eckman's pumping
- Oceanic upwelling
- 6. Waves and their energy
- Wave amplitude, valley, length, period and velocity
- Beaufort's scale
- Estimation of wave's height (fetch)
- Energy of waves

TEACHING METHODS

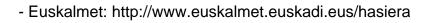
During this course we do not completely differentiate between the so called master classes and practical lessons (being these last ones compulsory). Instead, master classes are complemented with the resolution of practical activities. With that purpose, lessons in the regular classroom and lessons in the computer room are equally combined.

Both in the classroom and the computer room an active participatory methodology is followed, where the student is the protagonist of her/his own learning process. In the classroom, usually theoretical contents are presented through bibliographical research, presentations or problem resolution, whereas in the computer room meteorological/oceanographic information is collected for its posterior treatment and analysis.

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	Types of teaching Hours of face-to-face teaching	M 30	S	GA	GL	GO 27	GCL	TA	TI	GCA 3	
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Legend:	M: Lecture-based	S:	Seminai		•		GA: A	pplied c	lassroom	h-based (roups
-	GL: Applied laboratory-based group	_		d compu	ter-base	d groups		• •		based gro	
	TA: Workshop	TI:	Industri	al worksł	пор		GCA:	Applied	fieldwor	k groups	5
valuation me	ethods										
	us evaluation ourse evaluation										
aluation too	ols and percentages of final I	mark									
 Exercises Teamworl 	st, open questions 40% , cases or problem sets 30% k assignments (problem solvin entation of assigned tasks, Rea	•		• •	15%						
RDINARY EX	(AMINATION PERIOD: GUID	ELINE	ES ANI		NG OU	Т					
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presentation be compuls	choose continuous evaluation ns, etc. students should realize ory to pass those practical and tify it to the professor at least a	e a pra I theor	ctical e etical e	exam ar exams.	nd two t In orde	heoretion r to reno	cal exa	ms. In o	order to	o pass t	he course it
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TRAORDIN	ARY EXAMINATION PERIOD	: GUI	DELIN	ES ANI	O OPTI	NG OU	т				
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- Wyoming-eko unibertsitatea: http://weather.uwyo.edu/

Universidad Euskal Herriko del País Vasco Unibertistatea



- AEMET: http://www.aemet.es/eu/portada
- UK meteorologia zerbitzua: https://www.metoffice.gov.uk/
- Wetterzentrale: http://www.wetterzentrale.de/
- National Center for Atmosferic Research (USA): https://ncar.ucar.edu/
- Bilbaoport: https://www.bilbaoport.eus/eu/
- Puertos del Estado: http://www.puertos.es/

Degree GFARM DURSE 25259 - Physics OURSE DESCRIPTION Physics is one of the developed, which were oped, were oped, which were oped, which were oped, whi	the basic courses of the vill be later applied in or ARNING RESULTS F se the International Sy tational and data proces s-related criteria to the he nature and effects terpret the symbols ar use in radio-pharmacy nees nication and information- work abilities. ICO-PRÁCTICOS es, magnitudes, units. thechanics. S. Resonance phenom waves. Sound waves inetic waves: electrom waves. Struct sessions preadsheets: relative s, and graphical repre- ation as a limit. Examp nck's Radiation sessions between the sessions a Law. Determination of the sessions a Law. Determination of	e first ye other co OR THE ystem of cessing fi e design of the d nd paran /. ion trans Dimens nenon. R s. Stand nagnetic ture and sentatio ple: con on Law.	ear of the burses of E SUB. f Units is technic n of exp different meters smission sional e Relation ding way c spectr d charae solute v on. stant tr Wien&	ne Deg of the d JECT and Ma ques to berimer t types of the r on capa equation n to mic ves. Do rum. Pro cteristic variable ranslatic #8217;	egree, agnitud Physic of radia radioac bilities, bilities, ns. Sca roscop oppler e opertie cs of nu es, cell onal ac	such a es. s-relate ation us tive nuc both o le relat ic syste effect. N s of eac uclides. filling w	ed data sed in m clei, alo oral and ions. Tr ems. Non-sinu ch type . Time e vith varia	mental and inf nedical ng with written eatmer usoidal of radia volutio ous typ straigh	Techn formatio diagno a under	Credit physica iques. on. osis and standing represents and their . Short li contents	therapies. g their phys ntation of	sica
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 encouraged. Class practices: the start of each unit Computer/laborate 	ed during the class, in ne teacher and/or des	order to ignated dents wil	o help s studen Il perfor	settle th nts will s rm expo	e newl solve m erimen	y learn nedium/ ts and o	ed conc /high dif	epts. S	Student probler	ns from	a list assig	gne
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	Types of teaching	М	S	GA	GL	GO	GCL	ТА	TI	GCA		
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valuation methods	•	11:	Industria	al worksh	юр			Applied	fieldwor	rk groups	-	

Universitad Euskal Herriko del Pais Vasco Unibersitatea

- End-of-course evaluation

Evaluation tools and percentages of final mark

- Written test, open questions 80%
- Exercises, cases or problem sets 20%

ORDINARY EXAMINATION PERIOD: GUIDELINES AND OPTING OUT

Students will be able to choose between "continuous assessment" and "final assessment" modalities:

Continuous assessment

The exams and their weights break down as follows:

- Midterm exam: 20% of the grade.
- Final exam: 80% of the grade (20% for the practices exam, 60% for the course contents exam).

Final assessment

A single final examination will be taken at the end of the term, weighting 100% of the grade (20% for the practices exam, 80% for the course contents exam).

EXTRAORDINARY EXAMINATION PERIOD: GUIDELINES AND OPTING OUT

The June examination will be graded following the final assessment modality, therefore a single final examination will be taken, weighting 100% of the grade (20% for the practices exam, 80% for the course contents exam).

MANDATORY MATERIALS

En las pruebas de evaluación solo se permitirá la utilización de material de escritura (bolígrafo, corrector) y calculadora no programable.

BIBLIOGRAFÍA

Basic bibliography

- Davidovits P. Physics in Biology and Medicine. 4th edition. Academic Press; 2012.
- Tipler PA. Physics for Scientists and Engineers. 6th edition. Freeman & Company, W. H.; 2007.
- Kane JW, Sternheim MM. Physics. 3rd ed. Wiley; 1998.

Detailed bibliography

- Serway RA, Jewett JW. Physics for Scientists and Engineers. 10th ed. Cole Publishing; 2013

Journals

Web sites of interest

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- Nuclear Data Center at KAERI. Available at http://atom.kaeri.re.kr/ [last access, July 2023]
- Interactive simulations. Available at URL: https://phet.colorado.edu/en/simulations/category/physics [last access, July 2023]

- Física con ordenador. Available at http://www.sc.ehu.es/sbweb/fisica/ [last access, July 2023]

COURSE GU	IDE 2023/2	1				
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Faculty	125 - Faculty of Pharma	-			Cycle	
Degree	GFARMA10 - Bachelor	's Degree in Pharm	lacy		Year	Second year
COURSE						
	inical Biochemistry				Crea	lits, ECTS: 6
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17.- Mineral and bone metabolism. Regulatory hormones of calcium and phosphate homeostasis. Bone function tests.

18.- Hormones: mechanisms of hormonal action. Pituitary hormones and function.

NAZIOARTEKO BIKAINTASUN CAMPUSA CAMPUS DE EXCELENCIA INTERNACIONAL

Universidad Euskal Herriko del País Vasco Unibertsitatea

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19.- Thyroid hormones. Thyroid function. Thyroid function tests.20.- Adrenal glands: cortical activity and its alterations. Endocrine function -reproductive: evaluation of gonadal alterations. Biochemical aspects of pregnancy.

Students wi	ill have lectures (35 hours), lat	oratory	/ Sessi	ons (15	hours)	and cla	assroo	m pract	ical se	ssions	(10 nours)	
YPES OF TE	ACHING											
	Types of teaching	М	S	GA	GL	GO	GCL	TA	TI	GCA		
	Hours of face-to-face teaching	35		10	15							
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EXTRAORDINARY EXAMINATION PERIOD: GUIDELINES AND OPTING OUT

Same as the ordinary call (see previous box).

MANDATORY MATERIALS

BIBLIOGRAFÍA

Basic bibliography

"Tietz. Fundamentals of Clinical Chemistry", C. A. Burtis & E. R. Ashwood, 8th ed. Saunders, 2019.

"Clinical Chemistry", W. J. Marshall, M. Lapsley & A. Day, 9th ed. Elsevier, 2020.

"Clinical Biochemistry", W. J. Marshall & S. K. Bangert, 7th ed. Mosby, 2012.

"Clinical Biochemistry and Molecular Pathology", A. González, 3rd ed. Elsevier, 2019

"Clinical biochemistry and molecular pathology", X. Fuentes Arderiu-eta., 2. ed. I reversed, 1998.

"Clinical biochemistry", J.M. Gonzalez de Buitrago-eta. McGraw-Hill Inter-American, 1998.

"Clinical Biochemistry", A. Gaw et al., 5th ed. Elsevier, 2015.

"The clinic and the laboratory", J.M. Prieto Valtueña-eta, 23. edition. 2019

"Medical Biochemistry", J. W. Baynes and M. H. Dominiczak, 4th ed. Elsevier, 2015.

"Molecular Pathology", J. M. González de Buitrago-eta. McGraw-Hill Inter-American, 2001.

"Clinical Chemistry. Theory, Analysis, Correlation", L.A. Kaplan, A. J. Pesce eta S.C. Kazmierczak, 4th ed. Mosby, 2003.

Detailed bibliography

1.- "Química clínica. Principios, procedimientos y correlaciones", M. L. Bishop y cols., 5ª ed. McGraw-Hill Interamericana, 2007.

2.- "Tietz. Fundamentals of Clinical Chemistry", C. A. Burtis & E. R. Ashwood, 5^a ed. Saunders, 2001.

3.- "Clinical Chemistry", W. J. Marshall & S. K. Bangert, 5^a ed. Mosby, 2004.

4.- "Bioquímica médica", J. W. Baynes y M. H. Dominiczak, 2ª ed. Elsevier, 2006.

5.- "Patología Molecular", J. M. González de Buitrago y cols. McGraw-Hill Interamericana, 2001.

Journals

1.- Clinical Chemistry

- 2.- Clinica Chimica Acta
- 3.- Clinical Biochemistry
- 4.- Annals of Clinical Biochemistry

Web sites of interest

http://www.seqc.es http://www.sciencedirect.com http://www.clinchem.org http://www.aacc.org http://www.efcclm.org/

COURSE G	UIDE	2023/24		
Faculty	125 - Faculty of	of Pharmacy	Cycle	
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	ERSAL SKILLS	isinity, evaluate the bloequivalence, and know the		611
where the	e professional act	and information skills, both oral and written, to de vity is performed. Promote working and collabora other healthcare professionals.	•	
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MODULE 5. Drug a 6. Oral ad 7. Buccal	bsorption. II: ENTERAL RC dministration rout dministration. administration administration.	OUTES OF ADMINISTRATION OF DRUGS es.		
9. Parent	eral routes of drug	L ROUTES OF ADMINISTRATION OF DRUGS g administration. Interial drug administration.		

11. Intramuscular administration.

Universidad Euskal Herriko del Pais Vasco Unibertsitatea

- 12. Subcutaneous administration.
- 13. Other routes of parenteral administration.

MODULE IV: ADMINISTRATION OF DRUGS THROUGH MUCOUS

- 14. Nasal administration
- 15. Pulmonary administration.
- 16. Administration of drugs in the skin.
- 17. Ophthalmic administration.
- 18. Administration in the ear.
- 19. Vaginal administration.

MODULE V: ADMINISTRATION OF DRUGS IN THE CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM 20. Administration of drugs in the central nervous system.

MODULE VI: BIOAVAILABILITY AND BIOEQUIVALENCE

21. Bioavailability.

22. Bioequivalence.

MODULE VII: ADMINISTRATION OF BIOLOGICAL DRUGS

- 23. Administration and delivery of therapeutic peptides and proteins.
- 24. Administration and delivery of DNA and RNA in gene therapy.

PRACTICAL PROGRAMME

Practice 1. Determination of the partition coefficient of salicylic acid.

Practice 2. Influence of the excipient in the release of active ingredients based on an iodine ointment: release test.

Practice 3. Release study of pantoprazole from gastro-resistant tablets using a continuous flow dissolving equipment.

Practice 4. Determination of the solubility of drugs.

Practice 5. Dissolution kinetics of furantoin from tablets.

Practice 6. Evaluation in of the permeation capacity of various semi-solid formulations by using Franz cell chambers.

COMPUTER PRACTICES:

1. "Biopharmaceutics" program.

2. In vitro equivalence study of citalopram formulations.

CLASSROOM PRACTICES

- 1. Dissolution kinetics: a practical case
- 2. Calculation of the permeability constant of a drug: a practical case
- 3. Preparation of the group work
- 4. Bioequivalence study: a practical case
- 5. Self-evaluation tests

TEACHING METHODS

METHODOLOGY

- 1. Lectures. (5.5 ECTS)
- 2. Classroom practices: solving practical cases. (0.5 ECTS)
- 3. Practical laboratory classes. (2.6 ECTS)
- 4. Practical computer class. (0.4 ECTS)
- 5. Self-evaluation tests through the e-Gela platform.

TYPES OF TEACHING

	Types of teaching			GA	GL	GO	GCL	ТА	TI	GCA
	Hours of face-to-face teaching			5	26	4				
loras de Activ	idad No Presencial del Alumno/a	82,5		7,5	39	6				
Legend:	M: Lecture-based	S	: Seminar				GA: A	pplied cl	assroom	n-based g
	GL: Applied laboratory-based group			d compu	ter-base	d groups	GCL: Applied clinical-based grou			
	TA: Workshop		: Industria	al worksh	юр		GCA:	Applied	fieldworl	k groups

Evaluation methods

- Continuous evaluation
- End-of-course evaluation

Evaluation tools and percentages of final mark - Written test, open questions 60% - Exercises, cases or problem sets 15% - Individual assignments 10% - Teamwork assignments (problem solving, Project design) 15% **ORDINARY EXAMINATION PERIOD: GUIDELINES AND OPTING OUT** COMBINED EVALUATION SYSTEM Compulsory written test. **Requirements:** Absence of conceptual errors Obtain a score higher than 0 in at least 70% of the questions Obtain a minimum of 5 points Spelling and syntax errors will be penalised depending on their number (-0.1 points for each one, up to a maximum of -0.5 points). Practical classes. Attendance at and benefit from practical classes. Scores from 0 to 5. Punctuality Good housekeeping Attitude Results and preparation of the practice book To pass the practical part of the subject, the sum of the scores in sections A and B must be 7 points as a minimum. Laboratory examination. Students who have not attended all the practical classes. The following will be considered: good housekeeping, laboratory skills and the results and preparation of the final report. The percentage of this test in the final mark is 15% (7% work and 8% oral presentation). Oral presentation and debate on the group work. 10-15-minute oral presentation of a scientific publication related to the

Oral presentation and debate on the group work. 10-15-minute oral presentation of a scientific publication related to the subject, using an audiovisual followed by a 10-minute debate. The professors will decide which part of the work will be presented by each student. An evaluation matrix will be used to evaluate each student. It will be handed over together with the work. The final mark for the work (7%) will be the same for the members of the group (i.e. average for the group). Withdrawal: The student must submit her/his exam withdrawal request. The deadline will be the day before the official call.

EXTRAORDINARY EXAMINATION PERIOD: GUIDELINES AND OPTING OUT

The positive results of the activities of continuous evaluation (laboratory practices and group work) will be maintained in the extraordinary call.

MANDATORY MATERIALS

Cuaderno de prácticas de laboratorio y de ordenador. Este cuaderno es elaborado por el profesorado y se hace accesible para los alumnos a través de la plataforma eGELA. Los alumnos deben disponer de él cuando acudan a realizar las prácticas.

BIBLIOGRAPHY

Basic bibliography

1. Tratado general de Biofarmacia y Farmacocinética. Volumen I. LADME. Análisis farmacocinético. Biodisponibilidad y Bioequivalencia. J. Domenech, J. Martínez Lanao, J. Plà Delfina. Editorial Síntesis. 2013.

2. Tratado general de Biofarmacia y Farmacocinética. Volumen II. Vías de administración de fármacos: aspectos biofarmacéuticos. Farmacocinética no lineal y clínica. J. Domenech, J. Martínez Lanao, J. Plà Delfina. Editorial Síntesis. 2013.

3. Drug Delivery. Principles and Applications. B. Wang, T. Siahaan, RA Soltero. Wiley Interscienes. 2005

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1. Clinical Pharmacokinetics: Concepts and Applications. Malcolm Rowland, Thomas N. Tozer. Lippincott, Williams & Wilkins 4rd edition. 2011.

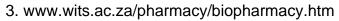
2. Gene therapy. Tools and potential applications. InTech. 2013 (https://www.intechopen.com/books/gene-therapy-toolsand-potential-applications). Acceso libre.- -3. Drug Bioavailabiliy. Estimation of solubility, permeability, absorption and bioavailability. R. Mannhold, H. Kubinyi, G. Folkes. Wiley-VCH. 2004

Journals

Web sites of interest

1. http://ocw.ehu.es/course/view.php?id=199

2. http://ocw.ehu.es/course/view.php?id=291-



- 4. A First Course in Pharmacokinetics and Biopharmaceutics. David Bourne, Ph.D. www.boomer.org/c/p1/
- 5. www.farm.kuleuven.ac.be/pharbio/aplink.htm
- 6. Internet Tutorial for Pharmacists: Finding Drug Information on the Web. http://pharmacy.dal.ca/youcanfindit/tutorial.h
- 7. WILEY. http:///www3.interscience.wiley.com
- 8. ELSEVIER http:///www. Sciencedirect.com

OBSERVATIONS

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COURSE GL	JIDE	2023/24		
Faculty	125 - Faculty of	f Pharmacy	[Cycle .
Degree	GFARMA10 -	Bachelor`s Degree in Pharmacy		Year Fifth year
COURSE				,
25282 - D	ermopharmacy			Credits, ECTS: 6
COURSE DE	SCRIPTION			
product' is capillary s perfuming condition. This subje	any substance of ystem, nails, lips them, modifying ect is divided into	of Pharmacy that studies, manufacture or preparation designed for contact with and external genital organs) or with tee their appearance and correcting body of 8 modules, and the histology and phys	the superficial parts of the th and buccal mucosa with odours, and protecting or k ology of the skin, superfici	human body (skin, hair and h the aim of cleaning or ceping them in good al skin parts, mouth and tee
		the cosmetic products used for their ca	re, cleaning, hydratation o	r treatment will be explored.
		RESULTS FOR THE SUBJECT are products used for the hygiene, prote	otion and becautification of	
-Identify a -Collect a for a parti	nd select the mo		nt types of cosmetic formu	ulations.
	FICAL PROGRA			
on cosme MODULE	tic products. Spa 2: STRUCTURE	armacy. General concepts and scope o hish and European legislation. AND PHYSIOLOGY OF THE SKIN: DI of the skin and appendages. Basic as	ERMO-PHARMACEUTICA	AL IMPLICATIONS.
 Facial f Hydrati hydration: Acne. E Skin ag 	aygiene. Surfacta on of the skin. Fa atopic dermatitis tiopathogeny, cl eing. Molecular t	RMACEUTICAL PREPARATIONS FOR nts and soaps. Cleaning lotions. Eyewa cial treatment lotions. Types of lotions. and psoriasis. nical signs. Treatment: basic rules, topi neories on ageing. Anti-ageing cosmeti fore- and after-shave PRODUCTS. Sha	shes. Facial tonics. Peelin Preparation. Pathologies t c and systemic treatment. cs. Active ingredients.	hat improve with correct boo
MODULE 8. Melano	4: DERMO-PHA cytes and skin pi	RMACEUTICAL PREPARATIONS FOR gmentation. Melanin synthesis. Pigmen otoprotection mechanisms. Aptitude fo	SOLAR PROTECTION tation disorders.	oprotection. Solar filters.
10. Treatr treatment	nent of adiposity of cellulitis. Stria	RMACEUTICAL PREPARATIONS FOR and cellulitis. Composition and function e atrophica (stretch marks). Appearanc g. Bath salts. Bath oils. Bath gels. Foan	s of conjunctive tissue. Ac e and causes. Prevention a	and treatment.
12. Estruc 13. Other 14. Hair c	ture and physiol hair care produc osmetics. Hair di	RMACEUTICAL PREPARATIONS FOR ogy of the hair. Hair hygiene. Shampoos s. Hair preparations for combing and ha corders. Hair colouring/dyeing. bebaceous preparations.	. Properties.	
16. Oral h	ygiene. Descripti	RMACEUTICAL PREPARATIONS FOR on of the mouth. Most common anomal pothpaste. Other oral hygiene products	es of cosmetic interest. Pr	reparations for dental
	9: CONTROLS (DN COSMETICS ducts.		

Universidad Euskal Herriko del Pais Vasco Unibertsitatea

WRITTEN WORK IN GROUPS

Students will make an analysis of the type of skin presented to formulate the most suitable product. They will write a report containing 5 specific formulations for their type of skin.

PRACTICAL PROGRAMME

Preparation of different formulations

-Exfoliating gel

- -Fluid or body lotion for dry skin
- -Shampoo with panthenol and silk proteins
- -Moisturising-nourishing cream
- -After-shave cream-gel
- -Serum with alpha hydroxy acids
- -Facial tonic
- -Oily dermal paste with physical filters
- -Anti-acne, anti-sebaceous and keratolytic mask
- -Lip salve
- -Oil-free hand cream

TEACHING METHODS

METHODOLOGY **Theoretical lessons** Practical case solving Laboratory practices eGela **Tutorials**

TYPES OF TEACHING

Types of teaching	М	S	GA	GL	GO	GCL	ТА	TI	GCA
Hours of face-to-face teaching	40			20					
Horas de Actividad No Presencial del Alumno/a	70			20					

Legend: M: Lecture-based S: Seminar GL: Applied laboratory-based groups GO: Applied computer-based groups GCL: Applied clinical-based groups TA: Workshop TI: Industrial workshop

GA: Applied classroom-based groups GCA: Applied fieldwork groups

Evaluation methods

- Continuous evaluation
- End-of-course evaluation

Evaluation tools and percentages of final mark

- Written test, open questions 60%
- Exercises, cases or problem sets 10%
- Teamwork assignments (problem solving, Project design) 30%

ORDINARY EXAMINATION PERIOD: GUIDELINES AND OPTING OUT

EVALUATION INSTRUMENTS AND CRITERIA

THEORETICAL-PRACTICAL WRITTEN EXAMINATION (60%):

- Objective test (multiple-choice, short comprehension questions on theory, solving practical cases)
- A mark of 50% must be achieved in the exam to pass the subject
- Evaluation criteria:
 - Understanding the general concepts of the theory, coherent explanation.
 - Correct application of the concepts, reasoning of the answers given.
 - Relationship between theoretical and practicant contents.
 - Absence of conceptural mistakes.

WRITTEN WORK IN GROUPS(30%):

- Development of cosmetic products suitable for patients/clients skin type.
- Presentation of the final report before deadline

- Evaluation criteria:
 - Content and knowledge degree of the topic, absence of severe mistakes.
 - Structure of the information provided, clarity, originality.
 - Participation in the sessions with communicative attitude
 - Work in group

LABORATORY PRACTICES (10%)

- Practical work: pass/not pass. If not passed, a laboratory exam should be taken. It is required to pass the laboratory pratices to pass the subject

Evaluation criteria:

- Team working and participation
- Skils for working in the laboratory
- Organization, cleanliness and correct elimination of the residues.
- Showing the lecturer the prepared products.

- Analisis of a commercial cosmetic product (10%): determine if a product is adequate for a given type of skin and describe the main function of its components. Written communication (grammar, spelling and language) will also be taken into account.

NOTE ABOUT THE WRITTEN COMMUNICATION

The spelling and syntax mistakes will be taken into account in all the ebaluation documents; Each mistake will diminish the mark by 0.1 points, up to 0.5 points.

SELECTION OF THE EVALUATION SYSTEM

Students can choose to perform only a final exam (of 10 points). For that purpose, they have to communicate it to the lecturer by using the suitable application form, in the first 9 weeks of the semester.

RENOUNCE TO THE CALL

Not attending to the official evaluation test will implie getting the "not presented" mark.

EXTRAORDINARY EXAMINATION PERIOD: GUIDELINES AND OPTING OUT

The last evaluation will be considered as a final evaluation (10 points). Anyway, if the students want so, they can mantain the marks obtained in the continious evaluation activities (laboratory practices and seminar). This marks can also be mantained for the next academic course, if the student wants so, and by a written document.

RENOUNCE TO THE CALL

Not attending to the official evaluation test will implie getting the "not presented" mark.

MANDATORY MATERIALS

BIBLIOGRAPHY

Basic bibliography

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- Sergio del Río, Verena Santer, César E. Serna, Alicia López, Virginia Merino. Primeros pasos en un laboratorio de dermofarmacia y productos cosméticos. PUV, Valencia, 2019.

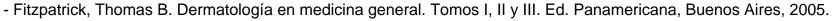
- Aiala Salvador, Amaia Esquisabel. Dermofarmazia. Osasuna kanpoaldetik zaintzea. Ed. UPV/EHU. 2016. Disponible en: https://web-

argitalpena.adm.ehu.es/listaproductos.asp?IdProducts=UCH00164337#Dermofarmazia.%20Osasuna%20kanpoaldetik%2 0zaintzea

- Parra Juez, J. L, Pons Gimier, L, Ciencia cosmética: bases fisiológicas y criterios prácticos. Consejo General de Colegios Oficiales de Farmacéuticos, Madrid 1995.
- Martini, Marie-Claude. Introducción a la dermofarmacia y a la cosmetología. Ed. Acribia, Zaragoza, 2005.
- Wilkinson, J.B.; Moore, R.J. Cosmetología de Harry. Ed. Diaz de Santos, Madrid, 1990.
- Baumann, Leslie. Cosmetic dermatology: Principles & practice. Ed. Mc Graw-Hill, New York 2002.
- Charlet, Egbert. Cosmética para farmacéuticos. Ed. Acribia, Zaragoza. 1996.

Detailed bibliography

- F. Carrasco. Diccionario de Ingredientes Cosméticos (4ª edición). AUTOR-EDITOR, Málaga, 2014.
- Alía Fernández-Montes, Enrique. Formulario magistral de medicamentos de uso dermatológico. Ed. Ciencia, 1993.
- Alía Fernández-Montes, Enrique. Formulación de preparados dermocosméticos. Ed. Egraf, 1995.
- Alía Fernández-Montes, Enrique. Manual de formulación magistral dermatológica. Ed. Egraf, 1998.
- M.J. Llopis, Baix All V. La formulación magistral en la oficina de farmacia (partes I, II y III) (1981, 1985, 1990).



- Elsner, Peter. Cosmeceuticals and active cosmetics: drugs versus cosmetics, 2005
- Goddard, E.D. y Gruber, J.V. Principles of polymer science and technology in cosmetics and personal care, 1999
- Simmons, John V. Cosméticos: formulación, preparación y aplicación. Ed. A. Madrid Vicente, Madrid, 2000.

Journals

Clinics in Dermatology http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/journal/0738081X

Journal of the American Academy of Dermatology http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/journal/01909622

Journal of the European Academy of Dermatology and Venereology http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/journal/09269959

Current Problems in Dermatology http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/journal/10400486

Dermatología cosmética médica y quirúrgica http://www.dcmq.com.mx/

Actualidad dermatologica http://www.actualidaddermatol.com/

Journal of Dermatological Science http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/journal/09231811

Offarm

http://www.elsevier.es/es-revista-offarm-4

Farmacia Profesional http://www.elsevier.es/es-revista-farmacia-profesional-3

Web sites of interest

Consejo General de Colegios Oficiales de Farmacéuticos. Vocalía de Dermofarmacia http://www.portalfarma.com/

Asociación Europea de Fabricantes de Productos Cosméticos (COLIPA) www.colipa.com

Cosmetlex http://pharmacos.eudra.org/F3/home.html

Cosmetic, Toiletry and Fragance Association (CFTA) http://www.ctfa.org/

Sociedad Dermatológica en internet http://www.telemedicine.org/

Sociedad Española de Medicina y Cirugía Cosmética http://www.semcc.com/

SUN-FX 365™ http://www.sun-fx365.com/

OBSERVATIONS

"Dermofarmazia" irakasgaia "Giza Anatomia" eta "Giza Fisiologia" irakasgaiekin lotuta dago. Farmaziako Graduko 1. eta 2. mailetan ematen dira, hurrenez hurren, eta haietan larruazalaren egiturari eta funtzioei buruzko ezagutzak jasotzen dira. Bestalde, Dermofarmazia ikasi aurretik "Farmazia Galenikoa" (3. maila), "Teknologia Farmazeutikoa I" (4. maila) eta "Teknologia Farmazeutikoa II" (4. maila) irakasgaiak menperatzea gomendatzen da, aplikazio topikoaren forma farmazeutikoak, horien elaborazio-prozedurak, eszipienteak eta kontrolak ezagutzeko. "Farmakologia I" eta

"Farmakologia II" irakasgaiak, zeinak Farmaziako Graduko 3. ikasturtean eskaintzen diren, ere egin izana gomendatzen da. Irakasgai horietan ikasitako jakintzak lagungarriak izango dira produktu kosmetikoetako osagai aktiboen ekintzamekanismoak ulertzeko.

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	UIDE	2023/24						
Faculty	125 - Faculty	of Pharmacy				Cycle	•	
Degree	GFARMA10	- Bachelor`s De	egree in Pharm	acy		Year	Fifth year	
OURSE								
25288 - 5	Structural Deterr	nination of Pha	maceuticals			Cre	dits, ECTS:	6
	ESCRIPTION							
located in Organic (compoun Chemistry To conclu technique allow the best meth which are Unlike mo	the Chemistry Chemistry and A ds. In the third y y course where ude with this mo es, such as Infra students to unc nod for the inter the main comp ost of chemical	module. Previous dvanced Organ year of the degr the main metho dule, the subject red, Nuclear Ma lerstand the spe poretation of mol ponents of natur assays, the spe	usly, in their firs nic Chemistry, r ee, and within t ods for the desig t "Structural De agnetic Resona ectrum-structure ecular spectra, al products and ctroscopic tech	at and second yea elated to the stru he same module on, synthesis and etermination of D ince and Mass S e correlation. The and the determin drugs. niques are non-d	the 5th year of the ar, the students hat cture, properties , the students hat analysis of drug rugs" deals with to pectrometry, to c combined use of hation of the struct estructive and re omplex compound	ave complet and reactivity ve completed s are describ the application oncrete exar f spectroscop cture of organ	ed the subject y of organic d the Pharmad oed. on of spectroso nples, which w bic techniques nic compound	ts ceutic copic will s is th s,
OMPETEN	ICIES/LEARNII	NG RESULTS F	OR THE SUB	IECT				
structures Apply Sp Determin technique	s. ectroscopic Tec e the structure o es.	hniques for the	Structural Eluc I compounds in	idation of Organi view of the infor	scopic techniques c Molecules and mation obtained f	Drugs.		
1.2.Infrar 1.3.Mode 1.4.Selec 1.5.Instru 2.Infrarec 2.1.Chara X-H strete Triple bor Double bor Fingerprin 2.2.The e Inductive Bond stra Hydroger Conjugat	tion rules mentation. Sam spectroscopy. acteristic freque ching vibration r nd stretching vib ond stretching vib on stretching vib	eory. coupling betwee pple preparation Applications to ncies egion pration region ibration region stituents and the	. Accessories. qualitative anal	ronment on the a	les.	ncy.		
2.4.How t 3.Mass s 3.1.Gene 3.2.Molec 3.3.HRM 3.4.Types 3.5.Fragr 4.Structu 4.1.Gene	to analyze IR sp pectroscopy ral concepts. In cular ions. Isoto S of fragmentations nentations in fun re determination ral concepts. M	on reactions nctional groups n by Mass Spec ass spectrum a eral types of con	al group identifi Applications troscopy. nalysis					

Universidad Euskal Herriko del Pais Vasco Unibertsitatea

5.5.Chemical shift. 5.6. Fators affecting chemical shift. 5.7.Signal strength 6.Spin coupling 6.1.Spin-spin interaction 6.2.Magnetic equivalence. 6.3. Pople Nomenclature for coupled spin systems 6.4. First order and second order coupling. 6.5.Two spin systems. A2, AX and AB 6.6. Three spin systems. AB2 and AX2, AMX, ABX and ABC. 6.7.Four spin systems. 7. Coupling constants 7.1.Short and long distance coupling. 7.2. Coupling constant magnitude and sign 7.3.Geminal and vicinal coupling constant 7.4.Long distance coupling constant. 7.5. Structural elucidation. 8.13C NMR Spectroscopy 8.1.Introduction. 8.2.Record techniques and decoupling techniques. 8.3.Shift-structure correlations.

8.4.Coupling constants 13C-1H.

8.5. Structural elucidation.

TEACHING METHODS

Master classes will be used in which an overview of each of the spectroscopic techniques is given, discussing in the first place the theoretical principles to, later, study their applications with concrete examples. In order to settle the concepts, problems and exercises will be provided, that they students will develop individually or in groups. The resolution of the questions in the classroom will be carried out in a participative way.

The laboratory practices will consist of experimental work oriented to learn the spectroscopic techniques and the preparation of different types of samples. Cases with polyfunctional compounds will be carried out, where the joint use of all the technique is necessary for their identification, given their complementary nature. This part will be developed in groups, encouraging the formulation of questions, participation, discussion and teamwork.

TYPES OF TEACHING

Types of teaching	М	S	GA	GL	GO	GCL	TA	TI	GCA
Hours of face-to-face teaching	36			24					
Horas de Actividad No Presencial del Alumno/a	70			20					

Legend: M: Lecture-based

S: Seminar

TI: Industrial workshop

GA: Applied classroom-based groups GL: Applied laboratory-based groups GO: Applied computer-based groups GCL: Applied clinical-based groups GCA: Applied fieldwork groups

Evaluation methods

- Continuous evaluation

- End-of-course evaluation

Evaluation tools and percentages of final mark

- Written test, open questions 55%

TA: Workshop

- Exercises, cases or problem sets 15%
- Test IR/MS and RMN 30%

ORDINARY EXAMINATION PERIOD: GUIDELINES AND OPTING OUT

Continuous evaluation: Throughout the course, there will be several written tests of the different topics (30%). To consider this note in the final grade, you must pass 70% in each of the tests and attend to at least 80% of the face-toface activities. Otherwise, the whole subject will be evaluated in the final written exam

- Attendance to practical courses, work sheets and practical exam (15%).

- Extraordinary written final exam (55-85%). A 40% minimum in the final exam is mandatory prior to add the note at the practical courses to the final mark...

A 40% minimum in the final exam is mandatory prior to add the note at the practical courses.

In accordance with the regulations of the UPV/EHU, not taking the final evaluation test, whether ordinary or extraordinary, will mean the resignation of the call for evaluation and the qualification of the student will be recorded as a "No Show". The student who has previously completed the subject may either renounce to the continuous evaluation at other subjects from previous courses or renounce to the mixed evaluation in Structural Determination and face the whole evaluation in a single final test. In any case, the final test must certify THE ACQUISITION OF BOTH THEORETICAL AND PRACTICAL SKILLS.

The students who have completed the practical courses in the previous years will keep their note for a course (if it is higher than 0.75) and, even if they do not meet the 80% attendance requirement (that is, even if they have opted for the evaluation in a single final test) will have the right to carry out the practices attending always at 100% of the hours (except for reasons of force majeure). The student that chooses not to attend to the practical courses must pass a practical exam as part of the final test.

Protocol on academic ethics: During the development of the evaluation tests, the use of books, or notes, as well as phone, computer or other devices or devices will be prohibited [Only a calculator and spectroscopy tables without any type of mark are allowed]. In view of any case of dishonest or fraudulent practice in the evaluation tests or academic tasks the protocol on academic ethics academics at the UPV/EHU will be applied.

EXTRAORDINARY EXAMINATION PERIOD: GUIDELINES AND OPTING OUT

In the case a student does not pass the subject at the ordinary call, he/she can attend to the final test at the extraordinary call, where the same evaluation system used for the single evaluation will be applied.

- Attendance to practical courses, work sheets and practical exam (15%).

- Extraordinary written final exam (85%). A 40% minimum in the final exam is mandatory prior to add the note at the practical courses to the final mark.

In accordance with the regulations of the UPV/EHU, not taking the final evaluation test, whether ordinary or extraordinary, will mean the resignation of the call for evaluation and the qualification of the student will be recorded as a "No Show".

MANDATORY MATERIALS

The use of the book "Structure Determination of Organic Compounds. M. Badertscher, P. Bühlmann, E. Pretsch, Springer Berlin, Heidelberg 2009, ISBN: 978-3-540-93810-1, DOI: https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-540-93810-1" is mandatory

BIBLIOGRAPHY

Basic bibliography

1.- Structure Determination of Organic Compounds. M. Badertscher, P. Bühlmann, E. Pretsch, Springer Berlin, Heidelberg 2009, ISBN: 978-3-540-93810-1, DOI: https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-540-93810-1

- 2.- Métodos espectroscópicos en Química Orgánica. M. Hesse, H. Meier, B. Zeeh. Ed.Sintesis. 1997
- 3.- Spectroscopic Methods in Organic Chemistry. D.H.Williams, I.Fleming. Ed. Mc .Graw Hill.1995

4.- Análisis orgánico. A. García, E. Teso. UNED. 1992

Detailed bibliography

- Infrared Spectroscopy: Fundamentals and Applications, B. H. Stuart, Ed Wiley , 2004

- Near Infrared Spectroscopy in Food Science and Technology .Yukihiro Ozaki, Alfred A. Christy, W. Fred Mc Clure, Ed Jhon Willey, 2006

- Course Notes on the Interpretation of Infrared and Raman Spectra. D. W.Mayo, F. A. Miller, R. W. Hannah, 2004

- Mass Spectrometry: Principles and Applications, 2nd Edition, Edmond De Hoffmann, Vincent Stroobant Ed Wiley, 2001
- Quantitative Applications of Mass Spectrometry, P. Traldi, F. Magno, I. Lavagnini, R. Seraglia, Ed Wiley, 2006

- Mass Spectra of Volatiles in Food (SpecData), 2nd Edition . Central Institute of Nutrition and Food Research Software, 2003.

- Magnetic Resonance in Chemistry and Medicine. R. Freeman.Ed.Oxford.2003

- High-Resolution NMR Techniques in Organic Chemistry. T. D.W. Claridge. Ed. Pergamon 1999
- 200 and More NMR Experiments S. Berger, S. Braun, Ed. Wiley-VCH. 2004
- Understanding NMR Spectroscopy. J. Keeler , Ed. Wiley . 2005.
- UNMR Spectroscopy in Drug Development and Analysis. U. Holzgrabe, I. Wawer, B. Diehl
- Two-Dimensional NMR Spectroscopy: Applications for Chemists and Biochemists, Second Edition, Fully Updated and

Expanded to Include Multidimensional Work W. R. Croasmun (Editor), R. M. K. Carlson (Editor) 1994

- Wiley 1HNMR Spectra of Organic Compounds 2005 A. Yarkov .Software, 2006

Journals

The Journal of Organic Chemistry: http://pubs.acs.org/journal/joceah Chemical Reviews: http://pubs.acs.org/journal/chreay Jounal of the American Chemical Society: http://pubs.acs.org/journal/jacsat Organic Letters: http://pubs.acs.org/journal/orlef7 Tetrahedron: http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/journal/00404020 Tetrahedron Letters: http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/journal/00404039 Journal of Heterocyclic Chemistry: http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/journal/10.1002/%28ISSN%291943-5193 Heterocycles: http://www.heterocycles.jp/index.php

Web sites of interest

Exercices on spectroscopy:

Elucidación de estructuras orgánicas (Notre Dame) http://www.nd.edu/~smithgrp/structure/workbook.html Problemas de RMN e IR (UCLA) http://www.chem.ucla.edu/~webspectra/ Problemas IR (Colby College) http://www.colby.edu/chemistry/ICAMP/IPHolperNS html

Problemas IR (Colby College) http://www.colby.edu/chemistry/JCAMP/IRHelperNS.html PÁGINAS WEB:

Tutorial espectrometría de masas (University of Arizona) http://www.chem.arizona.edu/massspec/ Métodos modernos de espectrometría de masas (University of Leeds)

http://www.astbury.leeds.ac.uk/facil/MStut/mstutorial.htm

Tutorial de RMN y problemas de espectroscopía (Imperial College) http://www.ch.ic.ac.uk/local/nmr/

Espectroscopía RMN. Libro de texto virtual (Joseph Hornak, Rochester Institute of Technology)

http://www.cis.rit.edu/htbooks/nmr/

NMR meets Musicians (University of Erlangen-Nuremberg, Institute of Organic Chemistry) http://www.chemie.unierlangen.de/oc/research/NMR/music.html

Herramientas espectroscópicas (RMN, IR y MS, University of Potsdam) http://www.chem.uni-potsdam.de/tools/index.html Más herramientas espectroscópicas (Aplicaciones para la interpretación de espectros RMN, IR y MS, Colby College) http://www.colby.edu/chemistry/NMR/NMR.html

COURSE GU	IDE	2023/24	
Faculty	125 - Faculty o	of Pharmacy	Cycle .
Degree	GNUTRI10 - E	Bachelor's Degree in Human Nutrition & Dietetics	Year First year
COURSE			
25194 - Bi	ochemistry		Credits, ECTS: 6
COURSE DE	SCRIPTION		
Nutrition at students a time, stude this end, th experimen biochemist It is, theref will be bas and in the in Human On the oth Tissue Bio	nd Dietetics, and cquire a basic kr ents develop a ge te main metaboli- tal section, which try. ore, a subject th ed and deepen, Double Degree, Nutrition and Die er hand, in order logy, General ar	basic subjects of the first year of three Degrees: (i) Degree (iii) Double Degree in Pharmacy and Human Nutrition a nowledge of the structure and functions of the molecules eneral and integrated vision of cellular metabolism from t ic pathways, both degradative and biosynthetic, are desc h will contribute to the familiarization of the students with at lays the foundations of biochemistry on which many of such as Molecular Biology, Clinical Biochemistry or Phar and Gene Expression and Metabolic Control and Humar etetics. r to make good progress in this subject, it is required a band Inorganic Chemistry/General Chemistry and Physicocl taught in the first quarter of the first year and that help a	and Dietetics. Studying biochemistry, that form living organisms. At the sa the point of view of bioenergetics. To cribed. The course also includes an the different basic techniques in f the subsequent subjects of the deg rmacology, in the Degree in Pharmac n Nutrition, for example, in the Degre asic knowledge of concepts of Cell a hemistry/Physics, and Mathematics a
Competen - To identif - To under that consu - To under modulate e - To know organism. - To be abl metabolic	cies: y the structure, k stand the chemic me that energy i stand the basic p enzymatic activity and interpret the le to understand change (defect)	A RESULTS FOR THE SUBJECT know the properties and biochemical function of biomolea cal processes by which the organism obtains metabolic e in the synthesis of essential components. brinciples of enzymology, distinguishing the effects of the y (inhibitors, allosterism) and their application in health se e metabolic changes that occur under different nutritional and evaluate the impact of biochemical problems, and to on human health. nalyses and interpret the results; in order to establish the	energy from nutrients, as well as those e different types of factors that ciences. and physical conditions of a healthy o know how to predict the effect of a
- Knows th - Differenti - Differenti - Understa - Calculate - Knows th	ates proteinoger e properties of th ates distinct stru ates enzymes fro nds Michaelis-M s the activity of h e different metal	nic amino acids from other amino acids. he peptide bond. ctural levels of a protein. om other catalysts. enten kinetics. Michaelis enzymes. polic pathways and their interconnections. general mechanisms of regulation of metabolic pathways	S.
	Ind Practical Co		
TOPIC 2 2.1. Amino 2.2. Peptid 2.3. Prima TOPIC 3 3.1. Secon 3.2. Tertian 3.3. Quate TOPIC 4	Amino acids, pe acids: General les: The peptide ry structure of pr Three-dimension dary structure. A ry structure. Stat rnary structure. Enzymes	ntroduction to biological molecules. ptides and proteins. chemical-biological characteristics. Types. bond. Characteristics of the peptide chain. Protein confo oteins. nal structure of proteins. Alpha helix, beta-sheet, beta-turn. Fibrous and globular p bilizing forces. Denaturation.	proteins.

4.2. Nomenclature and classification of enzymes. Coenzymes and prosthetic groups.

Universidad Euskal Herriko del Pais Vasco Unibertsitatea TOPIC 5.- Enzyme kinetics.

5.1. General concepts: Speed of enzymatic reactions. Factors that modify the enzymatic activity: pH, temperature and inhibitors.

5.2. Michaelian kinetics: Michaelis-Menten equation. Meaning of the kinetic constants. Graphical representations. Determination of Vmax and Km. Lineweaver-Burk transformation. Effect of inhibitors.

5.3. Regulatory enzymes: Generalities. Allosteric enzymes: concept and characteristics. Regulation by covalent modification.

TOPIC 6.- Bioenergetics and metabolism.

6.1. Introduction to intermediary metabolism: Concept of metabolic pathway. Anabolism and catabolism. Regulation of metabolism.

6.2. Energetics of metabolism: Bioenergetics. Coupled reactions. Energy-rich compounds. Irreversible reactions. ATP and phosphoryl group transfer.

6.3. Biological oxidation-reduction reactions: Redox reactions in metabolism. Coenzymes of redox reactions.

TOPIC 7.- Carbohydrates: Description, classification, carbohydrates of metabolic interest.

TOPIC 8.- Carbohydrate catabolism.

8.1 Glycolysis: General concepts of carbohydrate metabolism. Glycolysis: Sequence of reactions and balance.

8.2. Fates of pyruvate under anaerobic and aerobic conditions. Regulation.

8.3. Glycogenolysis.

TOPIC 9.- Krebs cycle and oxidative phosphorylation.

9.1. Krebs cycle: Sequence of reactions, energy balance and functions.

9.2. Respiratory chain: Location, components, reactions and control. Variation of free energy in the respiratory chain.

9.3. ATP synthesis: Mitchell's chemiosmotic theory. ATP synthase. Mechanism. Respiratory control.

9.4. Energy balance of total glucose oxidation.

TOPIC 10.- Carbohydrate Anabolism

10.1. Gluconeogenesis: Stages and balance from pyruvate. Other substrates of the pathway. Cori's cycle. Coordinated regulation of glycolysis and gluconeogenesis.

10.2. Glycogenogenesis. Allosteric and hormonal regulation of glycogen metabolism.

TOPIC 11.- Lipids: Concept of lipids, classification and biological interest.

TOPIC 12.- Lipid catabolism.

12.1. Mobilization of triglycerides from adipose tissue. Activation and transport of fatty acids from the cytoplasm to the mitochondrial matrix.

12.2. Beta-oxidation of saturated fatty acids. Energy balance. Oxidation of fatty acids of odd number of carbon atoms and unsaturated fatty acids.

12.3. Ketone bodies: Biosynthesis and utilization of ketone bodies. Function of ketone bodies. Ketosis.

TOPIC 13.- Lipid anabolism

13.1. De novo synthesis of fatty acids: Formation of malonyl-CoA. Fatty acid synthase complex. Reactions and balance of palmitic acid synthesis. Elongation and unsaturation of fatty acids.

13.2. Cholesterol biosynthesis.

TEACHING METHODS

LECTURES: 45 hours

Theoretical concepts and practical exercises (problems, questions, tests, etc.) will be worked on.

BIOCHEMISTRY LABORATORY: 3 sessions of 4 hours

1.- Preparation of an extract and determination of an enzyme activity.

2.- Determination of the Vmax and Km of the extracted enzyme.

3.- Chromatographic separation of lipids.

COMPUTER PRACTICES: 1 session of 3 hours

1.- Calculation of the kinetic parameters of an enzyme by iterative fitting using specific software. The data obtained in the laboratory will be fitted to curves and straight lines whose constants coincide with these parameters. Exercises and proposed problems will be carried out.

NON-PERSONAL ACTIVITY: 90 hours

- Consultation of texts, elaboration of diagrams and study.

- Solving problems and exercises in class.

- Use of the e-learning platform (eGela) to obtain the information provided by the teaching staff (scripts and groups of practices, videos/ showings, etc.) and to answer the tests and questions posed through this platform.

- Use of information and communication technologies (ICT) to view animations and additional didactic material. NOTE: If face-to-face teaching is suspended, the teaching methodology of the different modalities will be carried out online, using the resources and digital platforms provided by the UPV/EHU.

TYPES OF TEACHING S GA GL GO GCL TA TI GCA Μ Types of teaching Hours of face-to-face teaching 45 12 3 Horas de Actividad No Presencial del Alumno/a 67,5 18 4,5 Legend: M: Lecture-based S: Seminar GA: Applied classroom-based groups GCL: Applied clinical-based groups GL: Applied laboratory-based groups GO: Applied computer-based groups TA: Workshop TI: Industrial workshop GCA: Applied fieldwork groups **Evaluation methods** - Continuous evaluation - End-of-course evaluation Evaluation tools and percentages of final mark - Multiple choice test 60% - Exercises, cases or problem sets 20% - Individual assignments 10% - Teamwork assignments (problem solving, Project design) 10% **ORDINARY EXAMINATION PERIOD: GUIDELINES AND OPTING OUT** The final exam consists of a theoretical and a practical part. The theoretical part will account for 60% of the final grade of the course. The practical part will account for 20% of the final grade. To pass the course it is necessary to pass both parts separately. The remaining 20% of the grade is obtained through continuous assessment, through questions and exercises that the teacher will pose in class or on the eGela platform during the course. The realization of laboratory practices is mandatory. During the development of the practices, the attitude and skills in the laboratory work will be graded, as well as the students' capacity of expression and teamwork. In any case, students will have the right to be evaluated through the final evaluation system, regardless of whether or not they have participated in the continuous evaluation system. To do so, students must submit in writing to the teacher responsible for the subject the waiver of continuous assessment, for which they will have a period of 9 weeks from the beginning of the course. Both in the case of continuous assessment and in the case of final assessment, failure to attend the test set on the official exam date will mean the automatic waiver of the call, and will result in the qualification of not presented. NOTE: In the event that the evaluation cannot be carried out in person, the tests will be taken on-line using the digital tools and platforms offered by the UPV/EHU. **EXTRAORDINARY EXAMINATION PERIOD: GUIDELINES AND OPTING OUT** Students who pass any of the parts in the ordinary exam will not have to repeat it in the extraordinary exam, i.e., they will only have to take the exam of the failed part.

MANDATORY MATERIALS

- Computer connected to the Internet (available in the computer rooms)

- Textbooks (available in the library)
- Lab coat
- Practice scripts and graph paper (or computer)

BIBLIOGRAPHY

Basic bibliography

- 1.-"Lehninger. Principles of biochemistry", D.L. Nelson and M.M. Cox, 8th edition. 2021.
- 2.-"Biochemistry. Essential Concepts.", E. Feduchi et al. 2nd edition, 2014.
- 3.-"Biochemistry. Basic course.", J.L.Tymoczco , L. Stryer, J.M. Berg and, 2nd edition, 2014.
- 4.-"Fundamentals of Biochemistry: Life at the Molecular Level", D. Voet, J.G. Voet and C.W. Pratt, 4th edition, 2016.

Detailed bibliography

1.-"Metabolic Regulation: A human prespective" K. N. Frayn, 3rd edition, 2019

Journals



Web sites of interest

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http://highered.mheducation.com/sites/0072507470/student_view0/index.html https://www.sebbm.es/web/en/ https://www.sciencedaily.com/news/matter_energy/biochemistry/ https://www.rcsb.org/

http://www.ehu.es/biomoleculas http://www.biorom.uma.es/

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Universidad Euskal Herriko del Pais Vasco Unibertsitatea

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Web sites of interest